

The Raymond Recorder

The News and Advertising Medium of Southern Alberta's Sugar District

VOL. 3

RAYMOND, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, JULY 31, 1925

NO. 22

Extraordinary Offering in Better Grade Bedroom Furnishings Special-

Walnut finish bed in a popular design, 2-inch posts, five 1-inch upright fillers, coil spring no. 90--heavy steel side rails, 90 steel coils, Sleepwell felted mattress built in layers for sleep comfort.

Complete Outfit, Bed, Coil Spring
and Felt Mattress, \$31.70

THE BIG DEPARTMENT STORE

Raymond Merc.
COMPANY, LIMITED

Have You Tried Our New Cafe?

Everything Clean, Comfortable and Cozy
Nothing but the best in Meals, Cold Drinks and
Ice Cream Confections
Candy, Fruits Tobaccos, Etc.

UTAH CAFE

D. JANKAM—Proprietor

ASK US to demonstrate our new Chevrolet car for you. Let us point out its many features of beauty, comfort and strength. Examine it closely, test it, see for yourself, prove to your own satisfaction that the Chevrolet will meet every demand. If you want the best low priced car, **YOU WANT A CHEVROLET.** Ask us to demonstrate for you **TODAY.**

CHEVROLET DEALERS

Knight and Meldrum
Garage



**BRING YOUR WHEAT POOL
CHEQUES TO US**

HOLDERS of Alberta Co-operative Wheat Producers Limited Grover's Certificates will find it profitable and convenient to convert them at this Bank.

**BANKING
FIFTY
YEARS**

We are prepared to cash these cheques without charge and suggest that for the sake of safety and convenience you deposit the proceeds in a Standard Bank Chequing or Savings Account. Interest paid on the latter at current rate.

**THE
STANDARD BANK
OF CANADA**

RAYMOND BRANCH—T. L. Halpin, Manager

The tourist season in Alberta is now at its height and every day sees large numbers of tourists passing through the province or visiting the famous mountain resorts. Special trains carrying tourist parties are the order of the day, and the indications are that Alberta will close the season with a much larger total of tourists than for any previous year.

The lawn at the residence of Bishop Meeks was the scene of a merry party of M. I. A. girls last Monday evening.

WARNING

Warning is hereby given that those who trespass by loitering in autos parked outside of churches and elsewhere will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

Edward Hawk,
Chief of Police.

The Boy Scouts returned last Saturday from an outing of several days at Whoop-up. The weather man interfered somewhat with the enjoyment of the campers.

News Notes

Allan Weaver, who has been away teaching school returned home on Tuesday.

James Blackmore, of Cardston, in visiting his brother, John, here, during the Stampede.

Stake convention will be held Saturday and Sunday. Among Utah officials present will be Apostle Stephen L. Richards, Presiding patriarch Hyrum G. Smith and wife. A special feature of the convention will be the presentation of a pageant, "The Standard Bearer," with a cast of 200, in the Stake House, Saturday at 8 p.m. It will depict the coming of the priesthood and the founding of the various church organizations. Admission will be free.

The new provincial dairy, live stock and poultry co-operative marketing pools have now obtained a sufficient number of five year contracts for purposes of organization as a result of the drive for memberships which has been going on for the past month or more. The provisional boards of all three pools announce that they have obtained more than their minimum objective of contracts and plans are now being made for the establishment of the permanent organizations for the management and operation of the pools.

Knight and Meldrum, Chevrolet agents, now have a new Chevrolet Sedan.

The Vote on the sidewalk bylaw last Saturday resulted 38 for and 10 against. Tenders for construction will be considered next Thursday night at the regular meeting of the Council, after which work may be expected to commence immediately.

The Beet Growers won their last league game of the season here last Monday when they defeated Cardston with a score of 6-3. The home team played a nifty game all through and took full advantage of several errors made by Cardston. The end of the first showed the score 3-0 in favor of Cardston. At the end of the fourth the score stood 4-3 in favor of Raymond, who held the visitors to nothing for the remainder of the game although the bases were plentifully supplied with runners several times. Cardston's infield is weak, showing clearly the loss sustained when the Coullee grabbed the three Long brothers.

A renewal of arrangements for the removal of settlers from the drought areas of south-eastern Alberta has been made by the Provincial Department of Agriculture with the railway companies and the federal government. This has been done owing to the request received from a number of farmers in that area who have been faced with the prospect of another crop failure this year and desire to be removed to other locations in the province. The provincial government does not attempt to influence the settlers as to the locations to which they will move, but assist them in moving and getting located. In an effort to interest these settlers in the irrigated lands of the Lethbridge Northern irrigation district, James Pike, colonization manager of the district, has canvassed the situation, and now has 100 applications for locations on the tract.

More Than 2000 at Stampede Yesterday

Cloudy skies, the night previous, passed away and the first day of the Stampede yesterday opened bright and clear. Roads leading to Raymond were well used Wednesday night and yesterday morning by horse owners and their stringers, riders and sight seers. From all indications Raymond is having the largest and best stampede in her history.

Over 2000 people were in attendance yesterday and if the weather holds fine the attendance today should be in excess of 3000.

The program was run off with despatch and there were no tedious delays between events.

Perhaps the most closely contested number of the day was the pony race with seven entries. Ponies owned by Knight and Murphy came down the stretch neck and neck and Knight's pony won by just a nose. Scott's horse came a close third.

Both Donaldson and Benion were thrown from bare backs and Clark Lund bit the dust from the saddle shortly after he left the chutes. A broken cinch landed both saddle and Tommy Wilde on the earth. He was still astride when he landed. Clark Lund later rode Standstill to the latter's name.

Andy Lund on Sweetgrass Grey and Andy Noel on White gave good saddle rides, while Depew, Lybbert and Bascom gave showy bareback exhibitions.

In the half mile free for all there were six entries. Myers, Murphy and Cherry won in the order named.

The announcer failed to give the time of races and in most cases neglected to announce the names of horses. Steps should be taken to improve this part of the program today.

The stampede is proceeding as this sheet goes to press. Its success is already assured. It is an affair of great credit to its promoters, Ray Knight and the board of trade. Today will be bigger and better than ever. 'Let's go!'

News Notes

Due to the pressure of increased business the local branch of the Standard bank has engaged the services of Douglas Paris who will act as ledger keeper. His duties commence tomorrow.

Lenoir Pack, Reed Kirkham, Rulon Boyson and Dorothy Gier were the only successful students from here who wrote grade eleven examinations. Sixteen others failed.

With Hill and Dodge in the pitcher's box, Joe McLean behind the bat and Reed and Joe Kirkham substituting for Harry and Czar Fairbanks, the Sugar City nine held Magrath to a difficult win of 10-7 last Wednesday in an exhibition game.

WANTED—Two furnished rooms about August 15th. Apply to manager Canadian Sugar Factories, Ltd.

The United Grain Growers are keeping pace with the times by installing a radio in their local elevator. The farmer will be able to get market prices at noon each day and special arrangements have been made with the Calgary Herald for closing prices. The apparatus was installed yesterday.

Rex Theatre

Tonight and Saturday Night

POLA NEGRI in-

Shadows of Paris

Also, "OUR GANG" Comedy
Adults 45c Kids 25c

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

LITTLE FRENCH GIRL

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY

Another Western

The SUNSET TRAIL

Coming in August

The BIRTH of a NATION

Get That Fly!

We have everything necessary to rid the home of this pest. Our stock consists of

**Fly-Tox, Fly Coils, Poison and
Wilson's Fly Pads**

PHONE 2

The Broadway Store

Harvest Time is Near at Hand

We have a complete supply of

**Work Shirts, Overalls, Gloves,
Shoes**

and anything you wish in

Groceries

Highest Quality

Reasonable Prices

Bennett & Co. Ltd.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

Bargains in Cars

Call in and look them over

- | | |
|--|--------------|
| 1 Ford Truck, 1915 model, in good running order, rubber near new. Cash | \$75 |
| 1 Ford Touring, 1919 model, good running shape. Cash price | \$100 |
| 1 Ford Touring, 1921 model, self starter in good shape. Cash price | \$340 |
| 1 Ford Touring, 1922 model, starter type, in good shape. Cash price | \$200 |
| 1 McLaughlin D-45, in good running order | \$350 |
| 1 Baby G. Chevrolet Truck, good condition | \$150 |

KING MOTORS

L. D. KING

M. Yarr, the tailor has had a new sign painted on his shop. Esther Caldwell and Alvin Bollock.

Only two of those who wrote grade 12 examinations here were successful in passing. They are

Sometime! Why not this time?

RED ROSE

TEA "is good tea"

The ORANGE PEKOE is extra good. Try it!

An Empire Problem

Conditions throughout Canada have been steadily improving for several months past and present prospects are for a continuance of that most desirable state of affairs. Industrial activity is increasing and the number of unemployed is smaller than for some years, and the prospective harvest gives promise of requiring the labor of every available man, and that the railways will be busy and fully staffed throughout the Fall and Winter months in handling the resultant traffic. Merchandising is still rather slow because people have learned from past bitter experience not to count their chickens before they are hatched. Manufacturers are, however, gradually increasing their output in anticipation of substantially increased business.

The general upward trend is indicated by an increase of five million dollars in the first six months of the year in the construction of new residences and of four million dollars in industrial buildings. Prompt payment of taxes and of mortgage loans, both as to principal and interest, are other signs of the betterment taking place.

There is less talk of Bolshevism and advocacy of half-baked communist ideas and a more general appreciation of the fact that in this age, as in all past ages, only by and through work on the part of each individual, and the community as a whole, can problems be solved and progress and prosperity be achieved.

The desire for a larger influx of immigrants, especially from the British Isles, is still heard in many quarters based on the now well accepted belief that one of Canada's greatest needs is population. But while the outlook is promising in Canada, it is not so in Great Britain. Ordinarily, it would be thought that this would result in that larger immigration which is desired, and, actually, the reverse is true.

During the war when it became vital to the Empire's security and the winning of the war to speed up production to the maximum, notwithstanding the absence of millions of men under arms, improved machinery and labor-saving devices and methods of all kinds came into practical use, with the result that production was enormously increased. Today a large volume of production can be maintained with a smaller working force. In June last an unemployed in the British Isles numbered 1,291,000, or more than a quarter of a million more than in June, 1921. When the families dependent on these men are taken into consideration, it will be realized that a large percentage of the people are without a fixed means of livelihood.

To meet this situation a system of doles was established and has been in effect for some years now. The unfortunate effect has been that tens of thousands of people are now content to live in idleness on these doles rather than accept work when it is offered, while those who are working, and paying heavy taxes to provide these doles, are asking why they should labor hard to support these others in idleness. In a word, the dole system is breaking the morale of the people.

Observers and close students of conditions in Britain find that this dole system is doing nothing to encourage immigration. They prefer to accept the dole and do nothing rather than face the possibilities in a new land and the absolute necessity of hard work under new and untried conditions.

Great Britain is over-populated and becoming more so. There is no work for all and no present prospect of it. Industry is burdened in carrying larger staffs of employees now than are actually needed, and, faced with active competition from other countries, and carrying a huge burden of war debt, the outlook is not bright. Unfortunately, too, owing to this lowered morale, a percentage of those who do immigrate do not display the necessary stamina to succeed here and write letters home depicting conditions here as worse than in Britain and stating they wished they had not emigrated.

And all the while Canada needs population and, in the desire of our people that it shall be, as far as possible, British-born, is imposing severe restrictions on the entry of people from other lands, while waiting and hoping for the British people who will not venture, but prefer to live at home and live on doles which sooner or later must end or bankrupt the country.

It is a real Empire problem. Canada does not want idlers and will not welcome them. The Dominion requires workers, and to those able and willing to work a cordial reception will be extended and for them there is every prospect of success. In fact it is assured to the extent that anything can be assured. But this country will never establish a dole system. The unfortunate through sickness or accident will be cared for, but the I.W.W.'s, no matter what their nationality, will not be tolerated and will have to shift for themselves if they come to this country.

The World's Oldest Bosh

According to Dr. Edgar T. Wherry, a box huckleberry bush in Perry County, Pa., is the oldest bush in the world. This remarkable bush is a mile and a quarter long and covers the entire side of a hill. Dr. Wherry estimates that it grows six inches a year. Finding that as a basis, the plant must be something like 12,000 years old.

Ship Baby Chicks

More than 14,000 baby chicks were shipped out this spring from the hatchery of the provincial poultry plant at Oliver, Alberta. They were shipped as far north as Berwin and as far south as Lethbridge.

To Look Over Bay Line

An appeal to westerners to attend one of these trips to be made this summer to Fort Nelson to look over the prospects of the Hudson's Bay line has been issued by Mayor Ralph Webb, of Winnipeg. The Regina board of trade received a letter announcing that the trips will be made on August 21, August 31 and September 9, by special trains from Winnipeg.

Their Remarkable Appetite

Sunday School Teacher.—"Robert, who were the Pharisees?" Bobby.—"The Pharisees were people who fasted in public and in secret devoured widows' houses."—Boston Transcript.

England's Curio King Dead

Aged Auctioneer Had Handled Many Historic Relics

Mr. Henry Stevens, of Stevens Auction Rooms, King Street, Covent Garden, London, who was probably the oldest practicing auctioneer in England, died at Addlestone, Surrey, at the age of eighty-two.

President Kruger's hat and King Charles' waistcoat were among the many curiosities that came under his hammer.

Mr. Stevens had sold every conceivable thing in his time, from an elephant to an auk's egg and a mummy. He sold the late Lord Derby's great menagerie of more than 1,600 animals and birds, the death mask of Napoleon, a piece of Queen Victoria's wedding cake, the spear that killed General Gordon, and one of Dick Turpin's pistols.

He sold twenty-four out of the known seventy-five auk's eggs in the world, one of these realizing £682 10s. An all-black cabbage butterfly was disposed of for £32.

As a child, Mr. Stevens saw the Duke of Wellington's funeral passing along the Strand on its way to St. Paul's, and he often saw Dickens and Thackeray, who would visit the auction rooms on their way to the Garrick Club.

WORRIES IN THE HOME

It is These That Cause Many a Breakdown in Health

Almost every woman at the head of a home meets daily with little worries in her household affairs. They may be too small to notice an hour afterwards, but it is the same little worries that break down the health of so many women. Their effect may be noticed in nervous headaches, flicking appetite, indigestion, pains in the side or back, and a sallow complexion. To those afflicted in this way Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, by improving and purifying the blood, bring speedy relief. Among thousands of weak women who have tested and proved the merits of this medicine is Mrs. Gustave Hain, Bruxelles, Man., who says:—"It is with profound thanks that I write to tell you what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for me. Before I began taking these pills I was weak, and my blood thin and watery. I was so thin that I looked like a skeleton. I was troubled with headaches and indigestion, did not sleep well, and was terribly constipated. I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I soon found that they were just what I needed. Under their use my appetite returned, my food was better digested, and I slept better at night, and gained in flesh as well as strength. The result is that now I am a perfectly healthy woman, and there is no doubt that it is due to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, a supply of which I now always keep in the house, and I would advise other women to do the same."

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

An Interesting Ceremony

Unveil Calgary Cairn Commemorating Arrival of R.N.W.M.P. in 1875

The jubilee celebration of the founding of the city of Calgary on the arrival of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, was marked by the unveiling of a cairn in Central Park. It commemorated the arrival of F Troop, of the Mounties, and Inspector Briscoe, in August, 1875. The veil was the Union Jack, and it was drawn aside by Sir Cecil Deane, only surviving member of the troop.

Judge Hovey, New Westminster, B.C., represented the historic sites and monuments board of Canada at the ceremony. The board presented the cairn to the city.

"Good birth is as greatly to be desired by a community as by an individual, and no city has had a better birth than Calgary, founded by the Royal Northwest Mounted Police," he said.

Minard's Liniment for Neuralgia

Fewer Canadians Going to U.S. A decrease in immigration of Canadians to the United States is indicated by figures in the annual report of the United States immigration commissioner of the Montreal district.

Residents of Canada entering the United States for permanent residence during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1925, at border points from Halifax to Cape Vincent, N.Y., totaled 49,047, as against 77,624 for the last year. Eighty per cent. of the 49,047 were Canadians.

A butcher in a certain town had read considerable about "Milk from Contented Cows," and wanting to keep up with the times, he placed this sign in his window: "Sausages from Pigs that Died Happy."

High Priced

Bill.—So the doctor said you'd have to give up smoking for a while? Tom.—Yes, and he also said I'd have to give up \$15 for good.

Minard's Liniment for Sprains

W. N. U. 1536



Put Real Mustard in Your Kit

Right at the top of the list of camping necessities is a tin or two of real mustard.

Men who fish and men who shoot know what a spiciness and flavour mustard freshly mixed with cold water, adds to the ham, bacon, fowl, venison and other good things they eat in camp.



Business and the Crops

With Good Prices For Wheat This Fall Conditions Should Improve

The likelihood of a large crop has given rise to an optimistic spirit in western Canada. Recent reports on the crop have been exceptionally favorable. The bumper crop of 1922, which produced some 452,000,000 bushels, was worth only \$293,152,000, while the 1924 crop of 235,694,000 bushels was worth \$285,281,000. It is somewhat difficult at this time to tell how the price of wheat will go this fall. Nothing definite has been known as yet regarding the crop of the United States or other exporting countries, but in the event of an average world supply, the price should be better than that of 1923.

Will Obey Canadian Laws

Doorknobs in B.C. Have Reached Almost Unanimous Decision

Peter Veregin, the younger, recently elected ruler of British Columbia Doorknobs, will usher in among the Russian colonists a policy of rigid compliance with Canadian laws, according to word received at Victoria by Hon. J. D. MacLean, minister of education for British Columbia.

The Doorknobs held a big mass meeting in Brilliant when an almost unanimous decision was reached to respect Canadian institutions in future.

Your Home Medicine Chest—Among the standard household remedies that should always be on hand in your home medicine chest, none is more important than Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Its manifold usefulness in relieving pain and healing sickness is known by many thousands throughout the land. Always use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil for relieving rheumatism and sciatic pains, treating sore throats and chest, coughs, burns, scalds, cuts, bruises and sprains.

Relations Should Be Improved

Japanese Financiers Anxious Over Containment in Canadian Trade

Serious curtailment of trade which has been brought about by the Chinese industrial strikes and internal warfare, are giving rise to anxiety in Japanese financial circles, according to an interview obtained at Vancouver from B. Wright, of Deloro, Ontario, manager of the Deloro Smelting and Refining Co., who arrived from the Orient. Mr. Wright believes there is great opportunity for increases in the export of Canadian wheat and lumber to Japan. "Japanese business men," he stated, "are all of the opinion that relations between the two countries should be improved."

TEETHING BABIES DIE EVERY SUMMER

The hot weather is very hard on babies starting to cut their teeth. On the first sign of any looseness of the bowels the mother should give a few doses of



This will quickly offset the diarrhoea, vomiting and purging, and, perhaps, save the baby's life. Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JULY 26

THE COUNCIL AT JERUSALEM

Golden Text: We believe that we shall be saved through the grace of the Lord Jesus. Acts 15:11.

Lesson: Acts 15:1-35.

Devotional Reading: Romans 5:1-9.

The Text Explained and Illumined

Trouble at Antioch of Syria, verse 1.—As our last lesson stated, Paul reported to the church at Antioch in Syria "all things that God had done with them," and gave as the great result of their work the fact that "God had opened a door of faith unto the Gentiles." When the news reached the church at Jerusalem, they found the door unto the Gentiles too wide ajar to shut them.

Until Paul took up the work, the Christian churches, like the Jewish synagogues, had been composed of Jews and proselytes, the proselytes being Gentiles who had received the Jewish rite of circumcision. In attendance at the services there were also the "God-fearing" or "devout" Gentiles, who, not having been circumcised, were not in "full fellowship" with the rest. That God was no respecter of persons Peter had learned at Joppa, and the Jerusalem Church, after hearing all the circumstances in regard to the baptism of the Gentile Cornelius and his household, had glorified God, saying, "Then to the Gentiles also hath God granted repentance unto life."

The truth, however, had been applied in only a few special cases, and the far-reaching consequences to the Church had not been foreseen. Now a crisis was reached. Certain members of the Jerusalem Church came to Antioch and declared that unless all were circumcised according to the custom of Moses, they could not be saved, thus insisting that Gentiles must first become proselytes before they could become Christians.

Cold on the Chest Best Treated This Way

When the throat is sore, and the chest is tight and full of congestion, something strong enough to penetrate through the tissues must be applied quickly. To get the quickest results, apply good old Murine. Rub it in deeply; it won't burn or blister, but it will bring the blood to the surface, will draw out the inflammation and subdue your cold and make you well in a short time. No other liniment so potent, so strong, so quick to bring soothing and relief as reliable old "Murine." Nearly fifty years in use, and sold in most countries throughout the world in large 35c bottles.

Wonderful Air Mail Service

New York to San Francisco in Less Than Two Days

One of the most wonderful things in the world is the United States air mail service. It has its equal nowhere for distance flown and service rendered. The percentage of fatal accidents in six years of operation has been negligible. Between May 15, 1918, and June 30, 1924, 255,086,600 letters were carried. The number of miles flown was 6,931,631. No less than 14,984 trips were made in storm and fog. Average operating efficiency was 91.82 per cent. for the six years. With the putting on of the transcontinental service New York to San Francisco, on July 1, 1924, there was a gain in efficiency.

The elapsed time of flight is between thirty-two and thirty-three hours. Railroad time ranges from ninety-two to 120 hours. The overland mail used to take twenty-eight days to cross the continent. This was reduced to nine days by pony express. The best time made by mail trains was eighty-seven hours. Most people have forgotten that aviators are carrying mails day and night over the Rockies and across the deserts from New York to San Francisco all through the year but the wonder of it is not lost on those who see the planes rush into the air and speed away or upon others who hear them passing in the night overhead and witness the end of the long journey completed in so short a time.

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism

British Students For Canada

To Be Given Courses In Our Agricultural Colleges

Of the 50 scholarships tenable in agricultural colleges of Canada, which the Fellowship of Empire Exhibition is proceeding to allot, 25 already have been allotted to London. The others will be distributed in Scotland and among English provincial districts. Each scholar will be provided with a free passage to Canada, education and maintenance for a year, and will afterwards be found suitable employment on the land in Canada.

No child should be allowed to suffer an hour from worms when prompt relief can be got in a simple but strong remedy—Mother Graves' Worm Expeller.

Hate to be a joy killer, but we doubt if a fly ever got out while the screen door was open.

Minard's Liniment for Sore Feet



PAINTED wall and woodwork regains its freshness with Sally Ann. It never scratches; it's good for hands, too.

WESTERN CLEANSERS LIMITED, CALGARY, CANADA



The Land Of Ophir

Austrian Explorer Says It Is Located In Peru

Ophir, reported in the Bible as the country of gold mines from which the navy of King Solomon brought gold to Palestine, was located in Peru, says Dr. Von Hanch, an Austrian explorer.

Von Hanch declares he met in the primeval forests of Peru in the Pampas del Sueremendo, 300 members of an Indian tribe of pronounced Jewish appearance, speaking a language similar to Hebrew.

There is a legend current among them, says the explorer, of a land of gold, known as Ophir, situated on the River Hamla, in which, so the legend says, white men came many years ago and carried off large quantities of the precious metal.

Miller's Worm Powders are sweet and palatable to children, who show no hesitancy in taking them. They will certainly bring worm troubles to an end. They are a strengthening and stimulating medicine, correcting the disorders of digestion that the worms cause and imparting a healthy tone to the system most beneficial to development.

Sir Walter Schwabe, K.C., told an amusing story in a lecture. He said: "Mr. Commissioner Kerr, who sat at the City of London Court, said on one occasion, 'David in his haste said that all men are liars; I have sat here for forty years, and I say it at my leisure.'"



Save Your Child's Tonsils

The Creator put them there for a purpose—and they should not be removed. If they are inflamed, red, swollen or discolored, just treat them INTELLIGENTLY as you would treat any other ailment. Operations are expensive, sometimes dangerous, and quite unnecessary. Give your child a treatment of

Dr. Thuna's Tonsil and Adenoid Tablets

and sore throat quickly the trouble will disappear. Put up in 2 sizes, at \$1.00 and \$2.00 per bottle. Call or Write To-day for a Free Sample. Main Office and Laboratory: 406 QUEEN ST. W., TORONTO. Tel. 9773. Branches—2208 Queen St. East—Gladstone 0608. 298 Dundas Ave.—Gerrard 7210.

CARON LIGHT, WATER & POWER PLANTS

Caron Brothers INC. 102 3rd Ave., S. SASKATOON, Saskatchewan

WOOL Made into yarn 35c lb., or Balts 25c lb. Write for circular quoting our prices for underwear, sweaters, blankets, Mackinaw coats and suits, etc. SUDBURY WOOLLEN MILLS, LIMITED Sudbury, Ont.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. THERAPION No. 1 THERAPION No. 2 THERAPION No. 3 No. 1 for Bladder Catarrh. No. 2 for Blood & Skin Diseases. No. 3 for Chronic Weaknesses. SOLD BY LEADING CHEMISTS, PHARMACIANS, DRUGGISTS, AND ALL WHO DEAL IN MEDICINE. PRICE IN ENGLAND, 6d. per bottle. In Canada, 10c. per bottle. In U.S.A., 15c. per bottle. Put up in 2 sizes, 10c. and 25c. per bottle. Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.



Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for Headache Neuralgia Colds Lumbago Pain Toothache Neuritis Rheumatism

Safe Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monacette, a division of Salicylic Acid (Acetyl Salicylic Acid, "A. S. A."). While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to avoid the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

New Freight Rate Classification To Be Effective In October

Ottawa.—Under an order of the board of railway commissioners, a new freight rate classification will become effective throughout Canada on or about October 1 next. The board Saturday gave out its judgment regarding Canadian freight classification No. 17, which will supersede classification No. 16, and supplements thereto.

The main judgment, which was written by Assistant Chief Commissioner S. J. McLean, is voluminous, covering 111 footslop sheets. It is construed in by Commissioner A. C. Boyce. A shorter judgment, which dissents in certain respects from the main judgment, was written by Commissioner Frank Oliver.

The new classification, taken as a whole, will probably have the effect of reducing the cost of transporting goods, according to the main judgment. "As to the various general and vague statements that, changes in classification ratings increased the cost of goods and raised the cost of living, it may be pointed out that the revision of the classification involves both increases and reductions," the judgment says.

Canada Wins MacKinnon Cup

Made Highest Score at Bisley; England Came Second

Bisley Camp.—Canada won the MacKinnon Challenge Cup, open to teams of 12 at 300 and 1,000 yards, ten shots and one sighting shot per man at each distance, three limit one hour and a half.

Canada's score was 1,084 out of a possible 1,200.

England scored 1,065, Scotland 1,061. The prize in the MacKinnon event is a challenge cup given in 1891 by the late Col. MacKinnon. Special commemorative souvenirs will be given by the National Rifle Association to the captain and adjutant and each member of the winning Canadian team.

Cardinal Begin Is Dead

Was Primate of the Roman Catholic Church in Canada

Quebec.—His Eminence Cardinal Louis Nazaire Begin, Archbishop of Quebec, and primate of the Roman Catholic Church in Canada, died early Sunday morning in the Archbishop's Palace, of uremia, with which disease he was stricken last Sunday night. The body lies in state in the chapel of his residence, from where it will be taken to the Basilica, and remain until next Saturday morning, when it will be interred in the crypt alongside the remains of other archbishops of Quebec.

Alaskan Village Hit By 'Flu Epidemic

Entire Indian Population Affected and Eight Have Died

Juneau, Alaska.—Eight natives are dead and the entire population affected by an influenza epidemic, which has swept an Indian fishing village on Belknap Bay, bureau of fisheries' representatives in the district reported. Conditions in the region have been improved, "but most of the Indians have been sick and unable to fish and will suffer during the coming winter, if not aided in some way," the report said.

Japanese Rice Crop May Be Failure

Tokyo.—The weather in Japan has been very cold and wet, resulting in predictions that the rice crop will be a failure. Reports from Korea continue to tell of extensive floods which have caused heavy damage.

British Government Maintains Secrecy On Naval Programme

London.—Recent efforts in the House of Commons to induce the government to reveal its naval building programme were repulsed, but without success, in debate on the naval estimates. It is generally understood that there has been a sharp conflict between Winston Churchill, chancellor of the exchequer, who desires to keep the estimates down, and the admiralty, which wants a cruiser-building programme extending over a period of years.

First Child Welfare Congress

Canada Will Be Represented At Geneva Conference In August

Toronto.—First in the history of mankind will be the International Congress on Child Welfare to be held in Geneva from August 21 to 28, plans for which are now almost completed. This great undertaking, organized by the Save-the-Children Fund International Union, will see a remarkable gathering when representatives of more than 10 nations will convene for the purpose of considering and making penetrable plans for the benefit of the children of the world; who will then be studied as the people's first asset, to be given first preference in all cases where the welfare of the child is concerned.

The keynote of the discussion and debates will be what is known as the "Declaration of Geneva," or "The Children's Charter," which Canada has already signed in company with most other nations, and adopted by the League of Nations in September, 1924.

Canada has already become interested in the "Children's Charter" through its connection with the International Council of Women. Canada has worked from coast to coast in the interests of the Save-the-Children Fund, and the Dominion will be represented at the congress by Frank Veiga, Canadian representative of the fund.

Anxious To Extend Knowledge Of Empire

Members of British House of Commons Coming to Canada

London.—A number of members of the British House of Commons will shortly proceed to Canada, thus adopting the advice recently given them as members of the United Kingdom branch of the Empire Parliamentary Association by Premier Baldwin to extend their knowledge of other parts of the world, when the House of Commons is not in session.

The large party, which includes the wives of several prominent members, will attend conferences of the Inter-parliamentary Union at Washington and Ottawa.

They will leave England September 19. Right Hon. Ramsay MacDonald, former premier, hopes to go to Canada this fall, if other arrangements will allow. According to his present intentions, he will leave on the Mergant, October 2.

Would Overthrow Mussolini

Alleged International Campaign Against Fascist Regime in Italy

London.—The Daily Telegraph reports the existence of an energetic international campaign to overthrow Mussolini and the Fascist regime in Italy.

"Occult international forces from Wall Street to Vienna, and from Milan to Moscow," it says, "are working to this end, and they have adopted methods akin to those practiced by the Bolsheviks, introducing their own secret against the foreign trade unions. That is to say, emissaries of the forces in question have been enrolled in the ranks of the Fascists for the purpose of sowing dissension and demoralization."

Killed By Own Invention

Redwood, Calif.—Gratton Moreau was killed by his invention to check holdup men. He had devised a method for concealing in the coat sleeve a gun which would be discharged automatically as a man put up his hands at the command of the robber.

Britain Makes Secret Agreement With France

Understanding On Security Pact Brings Nations Closer Together

London.—The negotiations for a European security pact have had the effect of driving the relations between Great Britain and France much closer. It is learned a secret agreement has been concluded between the British and French foreign ministers to negotiate with Germany jointly only after mutual discussion of the agreement.

This is a triumph for British diplomacy, because it means the French have accepted the British views in many respects other than those concerning the pact. For instance, the French are said to have agreed to postpone discussion regarding German disarmament until after the pact is concluded. This is a great achievement for Great Britain which has held all along that the first thing is to get Germany into the pact and into the League of Nations, after which all other questions would be more easily settled.

According to the latest information in London, Germany is postponing its reply to the security pact note from France, while its diplomatic representatives make inquiries in London and Paris as to how far the note may go without causing a rupture.

Wheat Pool Builds Elevators

To Construct Thirty More Elevators At Saskatchewan Points

Regina.—Construction of a further 30 country elevators at points in the province where it is found impossible to purchase suitable houses has been authorized by the executive of the Saskatchewan wheat pool.

Contracts have been awarded, under the new authorization, for the erection of elevators at the following points: Swift Current, Lussland, Borden, Semans, Amrold, Valer, Coppen, Shumavon, La Fleche, Limerick, Hardy, Melval, Ravensburg, Spring Valley and Gravelbourg.

If it is found impossible to purchase suitable elevators, it is anticipated that new country elevators will also be built at the following points: Strathburg, Tren, Gull Lake, Palo, North Biggar, Kelsey, Weyburn, Fox Valley, Success and Elgin.

The original elevator building programme adopted some months ago authorized the construction of thirty elevators. Under this programme, elevators have been erected for the pool and are ready to handle grain at Blin, Balgonie, Indian Head, Quilston, Yellow Grass, Dunblair, Dundas, Simpson, Vantage, Grayson, Roubert, Hamilton, Broderick, Bliley and Kelsey.

A Long Cruise

Canadian Government Vessel From Vancouver Reaches Atlantic Ports

St. John, N.B.—The Canadian Government Merchant Marine steamer Canadian Prospector, Captain Arthur Thomson, has arrived in port from Vancouver, via the Panama Canal, on the initial trip in the inter-coastal service. The ship brought a full general cargo of 5,000 tons, including about four million feet of hard pine, a large quantity of the latter being piled high on the deck. After discharging at this port, she will take the remainder in Quebec, Three Rivers and Montreal.

Start New Air Mail

London.—Air mail service is now in operation between London, Denmark, Norway and Sweden.

Vancouver Gives Hearty Welcome To Earl Haig

Great British Leader Pleads For Unity and Fellowship

Vancouver.—Unity of effort for the re-establishment of returned soldiers in all parts of the British Empire, was advocated by delegates representing India, Australia, New Zealand, Rhodesia, north and south Ireland, and Great Britain at a dinner given here by a local reception committee to the members of Earl Haig's party, who attended the recent meeting in Ottawa of the Empire Service League, and who came to the coast with the field marshal.

The speakers included Brig.-Gen. H. F. McDonald, Brig.-Gen. James Wylie, of South Africa; Senator James Cornhill, of Australia, and others.

The great British leader, in plain language and with modest demeanor, with a manner that left no doubt as to his sincerity of purpose, exhorted all ex-service men to unite under the one banner in friendship, unity and purpose, a purpose that would make for the British Empire and the ushering in of world peace.

"In the interests of liberty, justice and good fellowship and peace, I hope it will not be long before Canadian ex-service men will be united," declared Earl Haig, in his closing sentence amid applause that swept through the great building.

Combat Rust Menace

May Eradicate Cereal Rust As Result Of Experiments

Winnipeg.—Favorable progress has been made by the recently appointed federal committee working toward the eradication of cereal rust, according to L. H. Newman, Dominion cerealist.

More than 150 tests were being carried out at the present time on experimental and private farms. "By the fall," Mr. Newman said, "our biological research work should result in our obtaining several rust cultures."

We shall then be able to artificially inoculate varieties of rust resistant wheats and so obtain valuable data." If the wheats when soaked with these cultures resist infection, the grain, Mr. Newman declared, would certainly prove immune in the wheat fields of the prairies.

Alberta Legislature

Will Meet August 3 to Hold Short Session

Edmonton.—The adjourned session of the Alberta Legislature will meet August 3, the last named of the several provisional dates announced by the government.

This was decided definitely at a full meeting of the cabinet and steps are being taken accordingly for calling the house together.

Premier Greenfield says the session will necessarily be a short one. With harvest time drawing near, there will be no desire on the part of the country members, at any rate, to prolong it, and quick work is expected.

Elevator For Lethbridge

Lethbridge, Alta.—Announcement was made by George W. Green, general manager of the Ellison Milling and Elevator Company, of plans to erect here, this fall the first unit of a million-bushel storage elevator, with cleaning and treating plant capable of handling 20 cars daily. The company will also add to its line elevators by erecting three in the Lethbridge northern project. The Ellison Milling Company is financed by Utah capital.

Take Steps To Prevent Operations Of Smugglers At Canadian Border

Present Dealing With Chinese Firms Risky

Exporters Warned By Trade Commissioner In Shanghai

Ottawa.—Canadian exporters are advised to take extreme care in financial transactions with Chinese firms at the present time, in a message published in the Commercial Intelligence Journal from J. M. Cosgrave, Canadian trade commissioner in Shanghai.

"In view of the disturbed economic conditions in China at the present time, it is advisable that the greatest care be taken by Canadian shippers in regard to financial transactions with Chinese firms," states the message.

"No shipments should be made other than through irrevocable letter of credit, particularly as the dock and shipping situation is extremely uncertain," says the bulletin, which is dated June 15.

Will Hear Cases In West

New Commissioner of Reparations Leaving Ottawa About August 1

Ottawa.—The new reparations commissioner, James Friel, K.C., will leave for the west to hear cases about the first of next month.

Commissioner Friel will make his first stop at Winnipeg on or about August 3, where he will hold sittings for applicants who have not yet been heard.

His itinerary includes stops for hearings at Regina, about August 5; Saskatoon, August 7; Edmonton, August 10; Calgary, August 12; Kamloops, August 17; Vancouver, August 18; and Victoria, August 24.

The dates are necessarily subject to change, depending on how long the commissioner is required to stay in the different cities which he visits.

Council On Marketing

Manitoba to Have New Body For Co-operative Marketing

Winnipeg.—Formation of an advisory council on co-operative marketing in Manitoba was announced by Premier Bracken. The purpose of the council, as outlined by the premier, is to establish a closer working arrangement between the various marketing units already established.

The council also would provide a body where practical experience and knowledge will be pooled for mutual benefit and advancement of sound co-operation. N. C. MacKay, director of agricultural extension, has been appointed chairman.

Shipping Grain Through Vancouver

United Grain Growers Have Leased 700,000-Bushel Elevator

Vancouver, B.C.—The United Grain Growers will ship grain through Vancouver next crop year for the first time since wheat moved west. The Vancouver board of harbor commissioners has leased elevator No. 3, a plant with 700,000 bushels storage capacity, to the big grain organization. This is the establishment formerly leased by Mayor K. Blatchford and associates of Edmonton, Alberta.

Italy Has Right Idea

Rome.—There is always a good attendance at the sessions of the Roman senate, in marked contrast to the many empty seats at meetings of the Canadian senate. Italian senators of labor, but when approached declined to state what the next action would be.

Winnipeg.—A special squad of customs officers, men experienced in checking the border activities of liquor runners, have arrived in Winnipeg, and are now working in co-operation with local officers. They have been stationed at isolated spots along the border between Manitoba and the states of Minnesota and North Dakota.

Their chief duty will be to apprehend the smugglers who specialized in bringing merchandise into Canada, a trade that has assumed alarming proportions during the past year, and which, on the representations of the Retail Merchants' Association, resulted in the Federal Government taking vigorous action against this illegal practice.

Local officials declare that the liquor runners were responsible for much of the merchandise smuggling. Cargoes of liquor are taken south to Minneapolis, Omaha, Duluth and even as far as Indianapolis, and, on the return journey carry a load of goods.

U. S. Court Upholds Pact

Unable to Deal With So-Called "Moist" Treaty

New York.—A test attack upon the so-called "moist" treaty with Great Britain, which permits vessels of foreign registry to bring liquor under seal into United States ports, failed when Federal Judge Mack ruled that the federal courts are without power to compel prosecuting officers to enforce penal laws.

The suit was brought by members of the Neptune Association of masters and mates in an attempt to have the treaty declared unconstitutional. The plaintiffs claim that ships flying the United States flag were being damaged because passengers were forced to travel on British ships in order to secure liquor beyond the three-mile limit.

Want U.S. In World Court

Could Withdraw If Outlawry of War Not Upheld by Europe

Washington.—Certain advocates of the world court, who have been working quietly for months, have come forward with a compromise plan of United States entry, which they will push between now and the time the administration proposals are brought up in the senate in December. The compromise has been backed up in its conditions, with President Coolidge's proposed conference on limitation of armament.

It provides for entry under the administration proposed, but with the understanding that the United States would withdraw from the court after a specified period if the nations of Europe do not join in a general convention for outlawry of war.

Heavy Loss From Hail

Approximately 350,000 Acres Damaged In Saskatchewan

Regina.—Between 1,000 and 1,200 farmers will claim insurance aid as the result of the hail damage to crops in southern Saskatchewan by the cyclonic hailstorm last week, it was estimated by insurance companies' officials. The claims will range from 20 to 100 per cent.

From reports received from the districts visited by the hailstorm, approximately 558,999 acres were damaged, and the loss on the average will average 50 per cent. A large number of farms reported hail losses of 100 per cent, and very few were as low as 40 per cent.

First Step Taken In Connection With Fruit Combine Probe

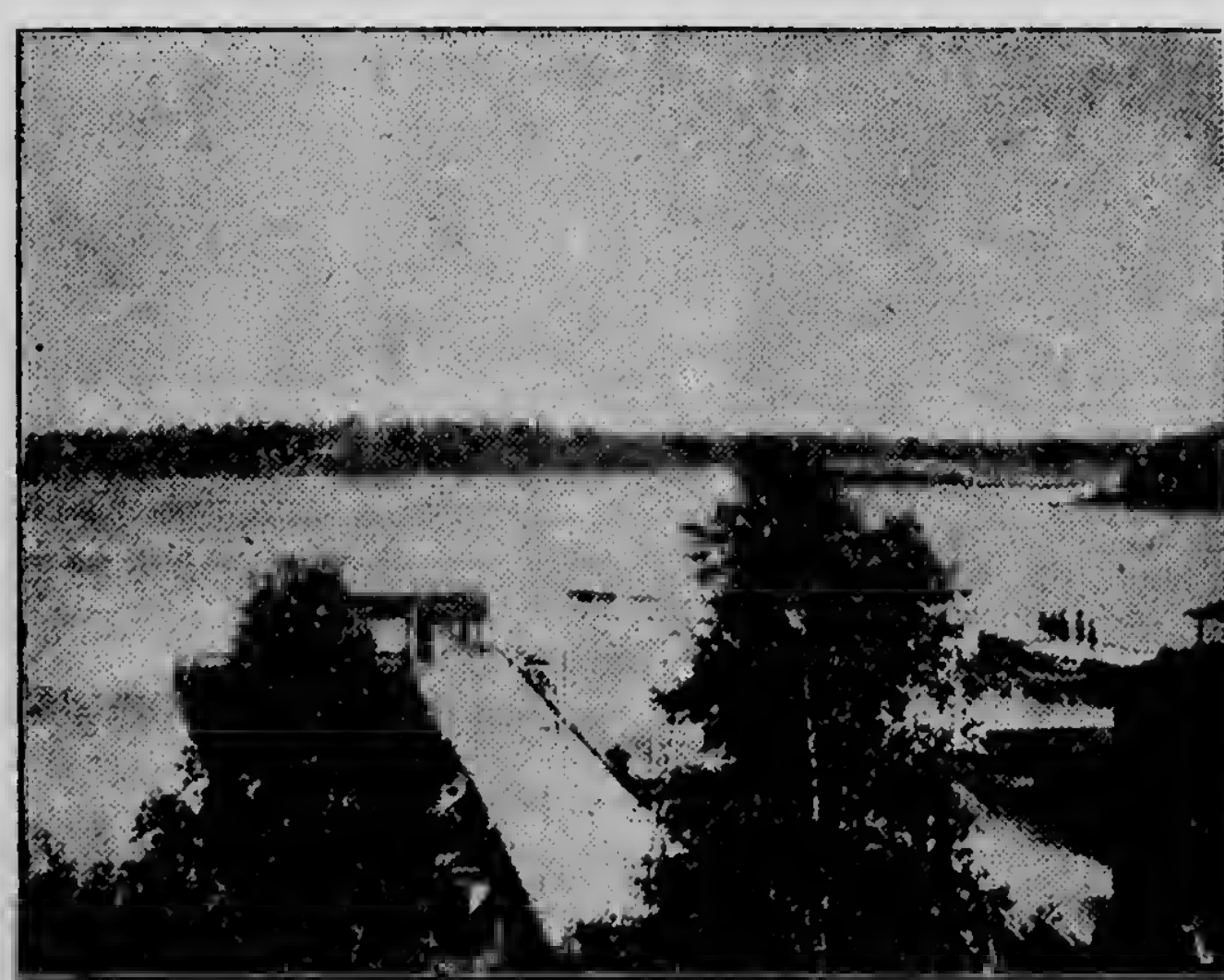
Ottawa.—The seizure by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police of the books of several western fruit companies marks the first step in the prosecution based on the findings of the Duncan commission under the fruit combine investigations.

J. C. McIner, K.C., who is conducting the case for the Federal Government, has been in recent conference with Hon. James Murchison, minister of labor, but when approached declined to state what the next action would be.

The report, which found that a fruit combine existed, was tabled in the House of Commons by the minister of labor on February 18.

Under the act the provinces concerned are given three months in which to take up the prosecution. In this case the attorneys-general of the four western provinces indicated that they would prefer to have federal action taken, but promised co-operation. The matter is now in the hands of the department of labor and justice.

THE WHARF AT MINAKI INN



The fire demon was unkind to the Canadian Weekly Newspaper Association delegates when they were at Minaki Inn, where the members of the party were to have spent Saturday and Sunday as guests of the Canadian National Railways. However, some of the members of the party were able to secure reservations at Minaki Lodge for a day or so on their return journey and this is a sample of the scenery which greeted them there.

Our National Interdependence

The Marked Effect of Trade Conditions As Between Nations

The Australian sheep herder, watching the sun go down upon an illimitable expanse of gum trees, kangaroos and emus, may seem to have only an academic interest in what goes on in far-away America. This is not the case, however, according to Mr. J. A. M. Elder, the Australian commissioner in the United States, who has been explaining to his fellow countrymen recently why we are buying less Australian wool than would seem desirable. Mr. Elder points out that we operate 17,000,000 motor cars, all of which, he seems to think, we are paying for on the installment plan, that we are acquiring title to 4,000,000 radio sets in the same way, and that this leaves us with less money to spend on clothes. Besides that, nobody buys good clothes to go motoring in. Finally, our homes, rich or poor, are now so well heated that the annual demand for woollen underwear is becoming perceptibly less frantic.

All these things worry the Australian. For, they may even alter the current of his life. We would not presume to interfere in his political affairs, yet by inconspicuously altering our habits we do seriously interfere with his far more important personal affairs. A man in Massachusetts abandons heavy underclothing, thereupon a herder in New South Wales goes bankrupt, turns Bolshevik, chews himself, migrates to the nearest large city, or does some other foolish thing.

This is not a haphazard illustration. Such relations between men who never become aware of each other's existence are of the very essence of international trade. Let the American gun-chewers cease for a week to work their muscular jaws and whole villages in the chicle-growing regions of south America would be made desolate. Let someone invent a novel beverage that would really be as good as coffee and Brazil would become a nation of mourners. Our styles, our perfumes, our styles in clothing, our liking for travel, are all represented by vested interests in foreign countries. If we cease for a moment, even in seemingly trivial particulars, to be what we are, we upset a hundred apple carts, far and wide.—The Independent.

Mars May Be Warm

Speculation Still Rife As To Possibility Of Planet Being Inhabited

After months of research based on observations which he and other scientists made last summer when Mars made its closest approach to the earth, Dr. S. P. Slipher, an astronomer in the United States, has expressed the opinion that Mars is much warmer than had been supposed and has a much denser atmosphere than it had been credited with. These determinations, he explained, are tendencies in support of the theory that the planet bears life. The temperature of the planet was approximated by the Coblentz radiometer, one of the latest astronomical instruments, so delicate that it measures the heat of distant stars. Dr. Slipher offered no final opinions on the guessed-at and often controverted matters affecting Mars. But he emphasized the strange regularity of the radiating lines popularly called "canals." The fading of the polar caps with the advance of the warm seasons and subsequent darkening of the areas presumed by some to be filled regions, afford the greatest argument for those contending that the planet is inhabited, he explained.

British Eat More Fat

People in the British Isles require more fat and demand more fat in their meats than Americans need or will accept, for the reason that the British climate is damp and chilly, while ours, as a whole, averages comparatively dry and warm. Moreover, we consume much more butter per capita than the British.—Breeder's Gazette.

Water Scarc In Gold Town

Water is selling for five cents a gallon in the little boom mining town of Gilbert on the desert near Tonopah, Nevada. The principal barber shop of Gilbert has a fully equipped bath, but there is a sign that "Customers must furnish their own water."

"Late again, O'Malley," roared the late captain. "How do you account for this persistent tardiness?"

"It's inherited, sir," answered Private O'Malley. "My father was the late Michael O'Malley."

Denmark is one-twentieth the size of Texas.

A man who lives only for today has nothing in view for tomorrow.

W. N. U. 1586

Chinese Civilization

Says Society Maintained By Moral Control and Not By Law

China's art, literature, philosophy, and social codes have their source in a certain conception of life. This conception is to be found in a broad expanse of love for the ultimate and the universal which is the common thought-heritage of every Chinese. The ends of life and the meaning of life alone count. For us, the understanding and the taming natural forces are only secondary. There is no other good than aesthetic enjoyment and moral instruction, no real human tie between men but to love one another. It is only in such ways that one can seek wisdom and inner peace.

Chinese life is full of manifestations of these moral forces; it is not uncommon for evildoers to repent and assume the consequences of their misdeeds without being punished or in any way coerced. Even the northern barbarians who invaded China were quickly assimilated by her civilization. This complete absorption of a strong alien conqueror by the civilization of the conquered is a phenomenon not duplicated elsewhere in human history. It is only by using moral weapons that we can spiritually conquer another people. This conquest of her alien conquerors proves better than anything else that Chinese society is maintained by moral control and not by law.

In her own way, in her life as in her philosophy, China has subordinated everything to human reason, and built up a society in harmony with its precepts. Chinese philosophy, art and literature are the most human. And in this quality of pervasive humaneness, we find the essence of Chinese civilization.—Chi-Fung Liu in the Forum.

Admire Canadian Flowers

Shipment of Peonies Arrive In Old Land In Perfect Condition

While curiosity was aroused at Glasgow when it became known that a consignment of 8,000 peonies had arrived on the Canadian Pacific liner Montreal. The flowers arrived in perfect condition and the vessel was met by a large number of local pressmen and photographers, curious to know the reason for the shipment.

The blooms were exhibited in the windows of the Canadian Pacific Railway offices on Bothwell Street, and excited much attention and very favorable comment on their beauty.

A quantity of peonies were sent by special refrigerator car to London and some sent to Wembley exhibition. Small bunches of peonies were also dispatched to the editors of the principal London newspapers.

Experts from Covent Garden are taking great interest in the display, owing to the lateness of the season, and the distance the cut blooms have travelled without deterioration. They are unanimous in their wonder at the remarkable condition of the flowers on their arrival after their long journey.

There is only one regret expressed, and that is that the flowers did not arrive here in time for the Dominion Day message.

Keeps Record Of Steps

Arkansas Woman Covers 8,146 Miles In Four Years

A distance of 8,146 miles has been covered in four years by a Seary, Ark., woman, walking, not riding, principally in going about her daily duties, though long walks to the woods have increased the mileage considerably. Miss Mada Armstrong, who has made this unusual record, wears a speedometer by which she measures the distance, keeping a careful record of each year. The fourth year closed on May 27, the mileage for the last 12 months' period being 2,754 miles. She has run her speedometer up five miles doing a family washing. The longest distance walked in any one day was 26 miles, the biggest part of this being in the afternoon, on a ramble into the woods for flowers.

Makes New Air Record

A new air record was made a few days ago when a Napier D.11, express, of Imperial Airways, flew from London to Paris and back by 10.13 a.m.

The machine brought documents urgently required in London.

It left Croydon Air Station at dawn and, flying at full speed to Paris, picked up the documents and at once returned. The pilot was Lieut.-Col. Minchin.

The documents were delivered in London by 11 a.m.

The man who gets the short end of a lawsuit is willing to bet that the scales of justice have been tampered with.

The man who thinks funny things without expressing them is the worst kind of a person.

The National Debt

Net Debt of Canada Dropped Eleven Millions Within Past Year

Within the past twelve months, according to the monthly statement of the finance department, the total net debt of the Dominion has dropped eleven million dollars. On June 30, the net debt stood at \$2,378,000,000. On June 30 a year ago, the net debt was \$2,389,000,000. During the month of June last year there was an increase in net debt of \$4,648,729. During June this year there was a decrease in net debt of \$175,000.

Current revenue for the first three months of the present financial year, shows an increase of three millions over the first quarter of last year; current expenditure, a decrease of two millions, although this is chiefly in pensions. Customs revenue had quite a recovery during June, if compared with June last year. Last month customs revenue was \$10,700,000, against \$8,500,000 in June, 1924, an increase of almost two million dollars. For the three months ended June 30, 1925, customs revenue was \$31,100,000; for the corresponding three months of 1924, \$29,000,000.

The increase of customs revenue during June is practically equivalent to the improvement during the whole quarter.

Relics Of Pagan Days

Name of God or Goddess Perpetuated In Days of Week

Not everybody knows that every time he or she writes down the name of the day of the week, the name of a Pagan god or goddess is being perpetuated. When England passed under the sway of the Norsemen the people largely adopted the Norse system of gods, fitting them in to the nearest corresponding planet or deity of the Roman calendar. So the Day of Mars—the Roman God of War—turned into Thursday or Day—Thursday being the Norse God of War—the day of Mercury into Wednesday, Jupiter's Day into Thor's Day, and the Day of Venus into the Day of Freya, the Norse Goddess of Love, corresponding with Venus. Whether Saturn's Day remained as it was or turned into the Day of Saeter, we don't know for certain. But the Sun's Day and the Moon's Day are obvious.

Parachutes For Air Pilots

Parachutes are being supplied to all pilots of the Royal Canadian Air Force. The parachutes, which were recently purchased, are now being tested at the air force station at High River, Alberta, and distributed to the various stations throughout Canada. The new equipment will constitute a regular part of flying kit to be used in the day to day work of the force.

In most people the hearing of the left ear is more acute than the right. This is the reason why they unconsciously place the telephone receiver to it, instead of the right one.

Good Place To Farm

Canada Offers Great Possibilities For Men With Experience

Winnipeg recently welcomed a party of American farmers, 400 strong, from Cavalier County, North Dakota. They were paying a fraternal visit to the city and province to observe for themselves the trend of agricultural practice in western Canada.

Dakota has long been famous for the quality and quantity of its wheat production, but the centre of wheat production is steadily moving northward. Since the war Canada has become the greatest wheat-exporting country in the world. The United States department of agriculture has officially placed on record the fact that the cost of raising and marketing wheat in Canada is forty-two cents a bushel less than in the United States. This is due to cheaper land, higher yields, superior quality, and lower freight rates. And as yet only one-fifth of the land in Canada suitable for farming has been brought under cultivation.

The opportunities in this country for incoming farmers with capital and experience are very great. We do not expect, of course, that farmers who are comfortably situated in the neighboring states to the south will, in any great numbers, come to Canada. But their sons and daughters are growing up, and in time may have to choose between moving to a country where land is available, or leaving the farm altogether. Canada is the answer to their problem.

Rations For Chicks

Cod Liver Oil and Raw Liver Found To Have Beneficial Results

From experiments conducted at the central experimental farm it seems safer to infer that the addition of cod liver oil, raw liver or yeast to the ration for brooder chicks has beneficial effects. According to the report of the Dominion poultry husbandman, which may be obtained from the publications branch, department of agriculture, Ottawa, the chicks receiving both cod liver oil and raw liver in addition to their regular ration made greater gains than those receiving the basal ration alone, or certain other additional feeds. Canned tomato pulp added to the ordinary ration did not prevent chicks from developing leg weakness, and there was a high mortality among those given a ration to which rice polish was added.

Waiting Our Substance

Cutting down trees and making them into logs to be rushed out of the country to pulp and paper mills in the United States, where highly paid labor is employed to turn them into paper, will never enrich Canada. On the contrary, it will devastate her resources of raw material and keep her people poor.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

A motor scrub-brush, for use in large offices and halls, is said to do the work of ten men.

"Quebec, Last Outpost of Romance"



James Oliver Curwood

The habitant country of the province of Quebec, romantically speaking, seems to be coming into its own. More and more are writers of fiction realizing that in the simple unaffected folk of the outlying districts are types whose very simplicity spells romance. Recently two eminent novelists have visited Montreal and Quebec in search of material, intending to use the historical background everywhere evident as a basis for short stories, scenarios and the longer novel.

James Oliver Curwood, whose tales of adventure are so well-known as to need no introduction, visited the Windsor Station offices of the Canadian Pacific Railway recently. He has travelled all over the province and lived with the lumberjack and habitant farmer, and thoroughly knows their customs and habits of thought.

"Quebec is the last outpost of romance on the North American continent," says Mr. Curwood. But so far as he is concerned, romance is not

confined to the province. It ranks high in the antecedents and relations of Mr. Curwood himself, for his great grandmother was an Indian Princess living north of Quebec. A Dutch adventurer visited the north country in 1792, fell in love with the princess and married her. That same year, Capt. Marryat, that famous spinner of sea-yarns, was born. These tales so stirred the imagination of a London lad named James that he ran away from home and after many wanderings, settled in America and raised a family. The Indian maiden and her family moved west and some branches settled in Western Ontario and in Michigan. Almost a century later a descendant of the London lad met and married the great granddaughter of the Indian princess, and they are the parents of Mr. Curwood. Mr. Curwood and his family sailed on the Empress of France for England to visit the home of some of his ancestors.

Another novelist who finds this province a source of inspiration in the making of tales of romance of adventure is Edwin Balmer. With his family Mr. Balmer passed through Windsor Station on his way to Quebec to spend some time at the Chateau Frontenac, and from there will go into the country to gain a more intimate acquaintance with the native French-Canadians.

Mr. Balmer, like Mr. Curwood, feels that in Quebec province and in the French of Louisiana there is material which has been practically untouched and in the full he will commence a book using this fascinating people as his subject. He and his family are greatly taken with Montreal and all its ways and by-ways, finding it surprisingly old-world and at the same time, absolutely modern and up-to-date.

In Favor Of Overwork

Sir Hugo Hirst Says "Work Kills No Man"

Warnings issued by Sir Thomas Horder, royal physician, to the assembly of American doctors in London, that the hustle of modern life was responsible for many human ills, is compared by one commentator in an exposition of Taoism nearly 3,000 years old. One of the tenets of Taoism is worded: "If a man desires too much or overworks and does not rest in time, the result will be the illness of time. If he cannot control his passions, he will get older and older, and the result will be the illness of age. The first step for a man who becomes a candidate for immortality is to keep his easy and the body young, since mind and body have no inherent defect or trouble." Many British men of business are not in accord with the Horder view that doctors ought to induce their patients to return to a simpler life. Sir Hugo Hirst, director of the General Electric Company, says: "Work kills no man. It is better to overwork and pay the price than to underwork and nurse your health. If some men did not work hard and long, there would be no great business in the world."

Gives Advice For Newcomers

Several Things New Residents From Overseas Should Not Do

"Smile, hustle and save" was the slogan suggested by Mrs. Clayton Ridge, director of the newly-organized "Social Home" for women newcomers to Canada, which opened successfully at the new hotel of the British Welfare and Welfare League, Gerrard and Pembroke Streets, Toronto. Mrs. Ridge had a list of "Don'ts" which she suggested for the benefit of the newcomers. They must never fail to allude to Canada as one of the great British commonwealth of nations, and never call it a "colony" nor Canadians "colonials." They should never compare Canada unfavorably with the Old Country, but should express frank admiration of the fine facilities of the new country. They should never say: "O, we don't do that at home," Mrs. Ridge very strongly urged all new residents from overseas to have gardens wherever possible.

Many Holidays In Brazil

Several Days In Every Month When Work Is Suspended

The man who covets numerous holidays should move to Brazil. According to a work issued by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, "Bank and Public Holidays throughout the World," Brazil enjoys eleven public holidays, and augments this allowance by many unofficial holidays which are generally observed. Starting well off the mark on January 1, with New Year's Day, there is an interval for work until the 6th, which is Epiphany. Follows a period of hard slogging until the 20th, when the state of Rio downs tools. Another state follows suit on the 25th, and still another on the 27th, which is the last holiday in January. Most months are like that in Brazil. In fact one or two months—such as April—are still more bountifully provided with holidays.

Her First Picture Show

Oklahoma Woman of Eighty-eight Was Greatly Excited

"Grandma" Schwartz, 88 years old, an inmate of the country farm, never saw a moving picture until recently, says the Daily Oklahoman.

It was a comedy. The hero faced grave danger. "Grandma" clutched the arm of another woman who sat beside her, and stiffened in tense anxiety when she thought she was going to witness the crime of a villain when he poised with a slab of dressed plate head ready to bounce off the hero's head.

"They pay actors as much as \$5,000 a week to act in those pictures," she was told.

"It isn't half enough," she exclaimed in a frightened voice.

Arabia's Largest Industry

Weavers of Cloth for Outer Cloaks Are Well Organized

The largest and best organized industry in Arabia is that of the weavers, who make the cloth for the outer cloaks which are worn everywhere in Arabia. The spinning of the thread used by these weavers is a household industry over the whole peninsula. It is sometimes dyed, but the three ordinary colors—white, black and brown—can be secured by selecting the natural wools of those colors. The weavers also import specially fine grades of yarn from Persia, where the people are better craftsmen than the Arabs. Even the Persian yarn is not fine enough for some of their weaving, and the very fine yarns are imported from England.

Making Canada's Inventory

The Many Difficulties and Dangers Encountered by Those Who Go Far Afield

Much is heard of Canada's natural resources—her minerals, waterpower, forests, fisheries and lands, and we have learned to value them highly, says the natural resource intelligence service of the department of the interior. They mean everything to this young country.

Very few, however, appreciate the difficulties, the hardships, and, many times, the privations under which the pioneers in discoveries, labor in making known our wealth in natural resources.

The interior department has just sent an expedition to the northern islands of the Arctic. The vessel carries a number of scientists, who will report on the resources of that country. Another party is being sent along the northern limits of the mainland, from the Mackenzie to Hudson Bay, exploring the territory wherein it is already generally known valuable resources in minerals exist. These men will spend the winter in the north.

Even in more southerly latitudes Canada has areas in which the work is not easy. In the mountains of British Columbia geologists are making surveys that may mean untold millions in mineral wealth to Canada, but they are doing so sometimes at great risk and often under difficult conditions. A recent report from one of the parties states that the work had been delayed until late in the season by bad weather, including belated snowstorms. In order to overcome the last time the party was now working from 4.30 in the morning till 8 o'clock in the evening, and Sundays have been entirely removed from the calendar.

In 1923 a geological party in northwestern Quebec lost two members of its party by drowning. There are no bridges in the wilds, and turbulent streams frequently have to be crossed or navigated often at great risk.

This spring, at a maining station on a river on which much potential waterpower exists, while the engineers were taking measurements of the volume and rapidity of flow, they were thrown into the water owing to floating logs being carried under their boat.

The records of many such cases are buried in the official government reports, and little is ever heard by the public of the work being done by the civil servants of Canada on the frontiers of civilization and beyond. The inventory of our natural resources goes on, however, and it is only when the death of a field man on duty is reported that any public attention is given to the work these pioneers are doing.

Roles Are Reversed

France and U. S. Change Their Ideas About League

France and the United States have reversed their roles of 1919. In 1919 the United States, led by Wilson, saw in the league an instrument for the peaceful readjustment of such unfair clauses as had to be incorporated in the Treaty of Versailles. Therefore, she was for it, and France, fighting for the literal fulfillment of that treaty, against it. Today France has come to believe that the league offers her, not only security, but the best guarantee for maintaining the status quo and consolidating the gains which she and the little Entente gained from the war. Hence, she is trying to strengthen it, while the United States, still doubtful as to the wisdom of guaranteeing the map of Europe which the treaty created, remains aloof and skeptical.—The Independent.

Not a Single One

"I didn't read much," he said. "I was troubled all night with insomnia." "Sir," was the landlady's indignant comment. "I've never heard such a complaint before, and I'd have you know I've had your bedders as my boarders! Moreover," she went on, as he began to mumble an explanation, "I do not believe you, sir, and am willing to board you free if you find a single one in that bed."

Calgary Leads In Phones

Calgary still continues to lead all cities in America in regard to the number of telephones per capita, the latest telephone directory showing a list of 13,000 names, which is a shade under a telephone connection for every five residents.

Music played by a London orchestra crossed the Atlantic to Pittsburg, returned to England, and was heard again by the director of the orchestra standing near his bandmen. This is one of the latest marvels of radio.

A new stone-cutting machine is said to do all the work that is done in lumber with a circular saw.

Farmers Of Western Canada Should Give Attention To The Question Of Soil Conservation

In the vast fertile plains of western Canada a Munificent God has given us a glorious heritage, says the Moose Jaw Times. So abundant is it, and so easy of access, its great importance and value to us is very often overlooked. Like so many other blessings, we fail to realize what they mean to us until they have departed from us, leaving nothing but regrets at their loss, and all the more so because we know that for the most part their return is impossible.

If we will read about, or, better still, if we could travel to other lands and see what the agriculturist has to do ere he can hope for returns, we might appreciate and realize what a wonderful mine of wealth we hold in our prairie soil. Instead of being land-robbers, as so many of our farmers are, taking all they can get and giving nothing in return, we would do well possibly could to keep our reserve built up.

The world is now pretty well discovered, and there are no more vast areas to go in to possess, so that we must look to what we have to sustain us and contribute to the world's demands for foodstuffs. We cannot hope any longer to fold our tents to pitch them again on another fertile plain to be cultivated and exhausted of its fertility. No, we must conserve our soil values in order that we may continue to have fair returns for our labors, to supply mankind and save the race from famine.

The United States, comparatively only a new country, is already barely an exporting country of grains. The cause of this may be learned from one writer who says: "There is a steady march of abandoned farms from the Atlantic seaboard west. It is almost appalling to see the increasing number of abandoned farms that once produced good crops. The fertility of the soil is gone and it cannot now produce sufficient crops to pay for cultivation." This condition, says the writer, has taken place within his own lifetime. "The only thing which will restore the fertility of those lands is the use of cheap fertilizers; but even the cheapest of these mean considerable added cost."

What has taken place in the United States has also taken place in the older settled parts of Canada, and even in western Canada the decline of soil fertility is an evidence. If we are wise we will begin to conserve our reserve at once, and this may be done cheaply by good cultivation, thus storing up nitrogen, by a good crop rotation and returning in our soil all the cheap fertilizers which are produced on our farms.

Many farmers let these go to waste rather than exert themselves to spread it over their fields. Even our straw-stacks, the fires of which illumine our sides every fall, might be turned to better account than having them go up in smoke.

It is a wise man who sees that his store-house is kept full, and the farmers of western Canada will be wise if they listen and learn from the experience of other countries. Let us keep our farms at a high state of production by the judicious use of brain and muscle, especially the former, and our glorious heritage will be handed down to generations yet unborn, unimpaired, thus giving and maintaining to Canada an inexhaustible store-house of wealth. An ounce of conservation of soil values is worth tons of restoration.

Dr. John Ross Straton, the famous New York divine, condemned, at a dinner in New York, the men who go to church on Sunday and cheat and drink and misbehave during the week. "Going to church," said Dr. Straton, "is a good thing, but it doesn't make a man a Christian any more than going to a garage makes him an automobile."

A Child's Query

A little fellow who had seen his grandpa as he lay in his coffin, asked what he was there for and was told it was "to take grandpa up to God." He said no more then, but a week later in the middle of luncheon he suddenly inquired, "Mamma, do you think God has unpacked grandpa yet?"

Beet Sugar Plant

Reports from the districts growing sugar beets this year are to the effect that the stands are 99 per cent. perfect. Steady progress is being made on the beet sugar plant at Raymond, and it is expected to be in operation in time to take care of the first shipments from the growers.

Every time the very young man who owns a canoe gets a new girl who changes the name of his canoe.

W. N. U. 1586

The Country Boy's Chance

Has Splendid Opportunity To Learn Value Of Money

Out of 8,760 hours in the year the average boy sleeps 3,650, eats 600, school 1,000, works 200 and spends at church 100. The other 3,110 hours largely decide his character and make his life. Out on the farm a long time ago the boy had his own pig and calf and from their sale he got his clothes for winter and his spending money. His work for these gave him an idea what money costs and what it is worth. The boy who has no money except what he is able to beg off the old man or wheedle out of mother is on the road to ruin. There has not been implanted in him the passion to accumulate nor the ability to save. Until he shall develop these by many sad experiences he will have about as much chance in the financial world as a three-legged blind mouse has in a bunch of hungry tom cats.

The average boy in a city home has no responsibilities and no partnership. The family moves on an average of once a year and the roots of his affections never have a chance to get attached to any spot. He has no place to play except the street and alley, and probably no place of amusement except the pool hall. The neighbors above and below and on every side protest when he makes a noise and the result is that he comes to dislike the place called home and is never there when he can help himself. —Brandon Sun.

With the Beekeepers

A Young Queen Bee Provides the Strongest Colonies for Winter

Requeening colonies, says the Dominion apiarist, is best done during the latter part of July or early in August. A young queen will at this time, he points out, produce the largest force of juveniles in time for the winter without any danger of being superseded. In the succeeding spring she is still less than one year old and still in her prime, able to carry on brood production at a rapid rate. Figures gathered from twenty colonies in 1923 and 24 show that ten colonies headed with queens less than a year old were rather better producers than those containing older queens. In his article in the July Seasonable Hints the apiarist points out that a good queen in the fall gives strong colonies for winter; that, wintering conditions being equal, these colonies will be the strongest in the spring, and that strong colonies in the spring are those that build up best for the flow.

Sheep Will Eat Sow Thistle

Easy Way to Rid Land of Pernicious Weed

"Sheep relish sow thistle and eat it so closely that the plants are much more easily eradicated when the pasture is broken up to crop," says Mr. M. P. Tullis, field crops commissioner for the province of Saskatchewan, in his recent bulletin on "The Control of Sow Thistle."

"Cattle also will eat sow thistle and thrive on it," continues Mr. Tullis. "Taking off a crop or two of hay from infested land and then pasturing it for a season, furnishes a good preliminary to destroying the root system by cultivation methods. Planting a hay crop on land infested with sow thistle after applying the black fallow treatment has also proved useful in ridding the land of this pernicious weed."

The findings of Mr. Tullis are confirmed by reports from Minnesota and North Dakota, U.S., where sheep have been found of value in controlling weeds.

News Values

A railway wreck in which six people were killed would be given ten times the space in today's newspapers that would be devoted to an automobile crash in which an equal number met death. It is a sad development, due to the greater number of lives imperiled in a train wreck. Motor wrecks are so common that they are losing their "news value"; train wrecks are so rare that they are always news. —Toronto Star.

"Your husband has been ill with the flu?" said the parson.
"Yes," replied the little worried-looking woman. "I do my best to please him, but nothing seems to satisfy him."

"Is his condition critical?"
"It's worse than critical," she answered, with a sigh, "it's abusive."

Articles hidden in pearl shell are found in the ruins of Pompeii.

Color Important Factor In Hay

The Principal Consideration In Determining Quality For Market

No. 1 hay must be of good color, color being the principal guide in judging quality for the market. Dealing with this subject, Mr. W. R. White, chief of the feed division of the Dominion seed branch, remarks that provided there is reasonable freedom from foreign material, hay of any particular class that retains the largest percentage of its natural green color grades highest and commands the best price. Conditions as regards maturity, curing, storing and subsequent damage are all reflected in the color.

Time of cutting and methods of curing are important factors for consideration in the production of hay for market purposes. Hay that has become over-ripe and faded before cutting, or that has been bleached or weathered while curing, has decreased in both palatability and nutritive value.

Mr. White also points out that by raking the hay, and not allowing it to become thoroughly dried in the swath before cutting, as soon after cutting as it is dry on the surface and well wilted, and putting it up in well made cocks where it is allowed to sweat, the shattering of leaves is largely prevented and very little loss of color by sun-bleaching occurs.

Further, hay hauled from the windrow should be stored with the least possible delay once it is sufficiently cured.

Counsel To Hay Shippers

Hay For Shipment Must Be Put Up In An Acceptable Manner

If, says an authority, speaking of a document from New York, prepared by Mr. Frederic Hurd, Canadian trade commissioner in the United States, we are to export hay we must put it up in an acceptable manner. Mr. Hurd clearly shows good reason why hay standards should be established in this country. He has investigated complaints made in New York, Philadelphia, and Boston of the poor condition in which shipments of hay have been received and has found them well grounded. Indeed, he says, it would be impossible to exaggerate the condition in which some consignments have been received. As a result, the trade commissioner adds, Canadian hay has had to be sold for less than similar domestic grades, although in many cases it can be considered as good in actual quality. Some dealers have refused to purchase hay from this country on account of previous experience. Last year we shipped to the United States 291,000 tons, but in the two preceding years the average was only 17,000 tons. It is plain that if Canadian shippers wish to meet the duty of \$1 a ton imposed by our neighbors and other incidental expenses and retain or increase the foreign trade in hay they must pay careful and diligent attention not alone to quality, but also to packing and shipping.

Big Shipment Of Salmon

Since the beginning of the current year the port of Vancouver has shipped 1,640,773 cases of canned salmon to all parts of the world, according to figures compiled by the Vancouver Merchants' Exchange. The movement of canned salmon is just about finished, and the packing season will start again this month for the fall and winter business.

A man's ears are so placed that he may catch the things said to his face. It was never intended that he should hear the things that are said behind his back.

The Pioneer Spirit

Western Canada Is Rich In Pioneering Legend

The Canadian west is unutterably rich in pioneering legend. Almost every inch of this ground is pregnant with memories of the rugged pioneers whose spirit and energy are the real factors that will make the Canadian nation great.

Canada has been too ready to allow these pioneering legends to be forgotten. The pioneering tradition is becoming a thing of the past.

It is too rich, too vital a thing to pass out of our national life.

If Canada is ever to have a deep national spirit, a real Canadianism, that spirit and that Canadianism must be founded on the old pioneering energy that wrested this country from the wilderness.

The old pioneering days may be nearly past. Only the Peace River and a few other such communities remain to challenge the energies of the rugged adventurous type. But, today, Canada needs the pioneering spirit just as badly as she did in the days when the whole western empire remained to be conquered.

We need pioneers in industry, pioneers in science, pioneers in culture and pioneers in government.

And the best way to keep the pioneering spirit alive, to stimulate national energies, is to perpetually revive the memories, legends and traditions of the old pioneer founders of this country. —Vancouver Sun.

Natural Resources Bulletin

Immense Quantities of Lumber Enter Into the Making of Fruit Boxes and Containers

The natural resources intelligence service of the department of the interior at Ottawa says:

The fruit season is now upon us and berries, cherries, peaches, plums, early apples, etc., will be coming on to the market in tremendous quantities, and in a variety of containers, boxes, baskets, crates and barrels, with many shapes and sizes of each.

Some conception of the quantities required for a season's fruit handling is given in a report by the Dominion bureau of statistics for 1922. In that year there were 11,906,592 berry boxes made, together with 15,829,421 baskets and 1,025,175 crates.

Between seasons practically all this enormous number of containers has disappeared, and a new supply is required. True, they are very frail, being made for temporary use only, and in order to produce the most attractive and saleable fruit new containers are necessary.

The interdependence of industries is very clearly shown in the relation of the fruit grower to the forest. Practically all the containers used are the product of the forest, whether they be of wood or paper. In the manufacture of boxes, baskets and crates in 1922 there were used 36,550,000 board feet of softwood, 11,162,000 board feet of hardwood, and 7,000,000 feet of veneer.

Flour Exports From Canada

Wheat flour exports from Canada during the ten months ended May 31st, 1925, totalled 8,758,554 barrels of a value of \$62,252,147, as compared with 10,595,252 barrels, worth \$54,103,547 in the corresponding period of the previous year. During the period just ended 16,836 barrels of wheat flour were shipped direct to the United States, 2,316,131 barrels to the United Kingdom and 6,425,224 barrels to other countries.

The first boat to cross the Atlantic entirely under steam was the Royal William, which made the trip to London from Quebec in 1833.

Canada's Fish Culture Service Has Made Remarkable Strides In Development Of The Work

Large and Small Farms

Profit Depends More on the Man Than the Size of a Farm

There is a general current of opinion among rural economists that the average size of farm will become smaller as time goes on and that a more efficient system of farming will be the result.

The expressed opinion of Sir A. Daniel Hall is that the large farm will be the farm of the future and can be worked more economically than a small one, according to a June issue of the Canadian Countryman.

The Ontario Agricultural College has conducted a survey which shows the labor income of farmers with large farms to be greater on the average than that of small farmers. On the other hand, there are most certainly many farmers who are "land poor."

The whole truth of the matter is that the profit depends far more on the man than on the size of the farm. The kind of farm also has its effect. Some men are excellent workers themselves but cannot handle men. Such men will fail to get the most out of a large farm. There are many men better off on 50-acre farms than they would be on 500 acres and, conversely, some are farming 50 acres who should be handling 500.

The man who is "land poor" has the problem to solve of whether he can hire extra help and make a success of more intensive farming or reduce his holdings to where he and his family can manage them alone.

Gathers Fruit At Night

Searchlight Makes Work Easy On Ranch In New Westminster

An innovation in small fruit picking methods in British Columbia has been introduced by Mrs. C. Alderson, of New Westminster, B.C., who has had an electric searchlight constructed on her large acreage of raspberries which enables the fruit to be gathered at night.

The advantages gained by this arrangement are many according to Mrs. Alderson. When the fruit is gathered in the cool of the night it is in much better shape for long distance shipping. One of the difficulties confronting the B.C. raspberry grower in the past is that the fruit ripens too rapidly for the pickers with the result that a fair percentage when finally picked is unfit for shipment.

By use of this searchlight fixed on a swing pedestal 24 feet high, and which will throw its beams over a radius of one and a quarter acres, the fruit left over by the day pickers can be gathered by the night shift.

The mosquito pest is also eliminated as the strong glare of the light drives the insects to cover. Night time picking is getting results on the Alderson ranch. The search light costs only \$100 and the light charge amounts to 4 cents per hour.

Trophy Presented By Prince

Personally Handed Cup to Best Short-horn Owner in South Africa

A very handsome silver cup was offered by the Short-horn Society of South Africa for the best Short-horn at the recent Maritzburg livestock show. It was an exceedingly artistic trophy in the shape of a suspended bowl.

The cup, which was not a challenge one, was awarded to the owner of the best Short-horn in commemoration of the visit of the Prince of Wales, who is a patron of the society and who personally handed the trophy to the winner on the show grounds at Maritzburg.

The show of Short-horns at Maritzburg was probably the largest ever seen at any show in South Africa. The society held a reception to enable its members who were present to meet the Prince.

Insurance Business Increases

Sales of ordinary life insurance in Canada were 3 per cent. greater in May this year than in May of last year. There was a considerable variation in the records of the different provinces, Manitoba, Alberta and Newfoundland showed the best records. The actual volume of sales based on reports of companies doing 83 per cent. of the Canadian business was \$34,377,000, or well over \$1,000,000 of business every day.

Nothing New

Mr. Lazbones left everything to his wife.
"He always did."

It has been estimated that only one shell in a thousand contains a pearl.

Patient Was Superstitious

A man who entered an east London hospital for an operation was placed in bed number 13. As he went in on a Friday, he confessed to the nurse that he did not expect to come through it. After a restless night he asked the doctor if it would be possible to re-number his bed 12n, and to soothe the patient's mind consent was granted. The operation was performed and was entirely successful.

Fish cultural operations as a Dominion Government service began in 1867, the department of marine and fisheries assisting the late Samuel Wilnot in the work of collecting and hatching salmon eggs at Newcastle, Ontario. In 1868 Mr. Wilnot was appointed a fishery officer and the Newcastle hatchery was built by the Dominion Government. This appears to have been the first regular hatchery in the new world built and equipped at government expense. A very active interest was taken in fish culture about this time and officials from several of the American states visited the Newcastle hatchery to study the methods followed and equipment used. However, it was not until 1871 that the United States Congress took the initial step towards a national fishery service by creating the office of commissioner of fish and fisheries. The propagation of fish was undertaken by the commissioner the following year.

In 1882 a complete working section of the system of hatching in vogue in Canada at that time was put in operation at the great international fisheries exhibition in London, where it carried off the gold medal and diploma, the highest award for the best and most complete fish breeding exhibit. One other gold medal, two silver medals, and a bronze medal with the accompanying diplomas were also won by Canada.

The expansion with regard to the enlargement of the older hatcheries and the erection of new ones has been gradual and healthy. In 1876 there were seven hatcheries in active operation in Canada with a yearly output of over 2,500,000 fry. The forty-one Dominion Government establishments operating in 1924 distributed approximately 866,000,000 fry and older fish.

While Canada took a leading place in fish culture in its pioneer days in the western hemisphere, she was soon outstripped by the United States federal service in the number of hatcheries and the magnitude of distribution. However, at the present time, the Canadian service is second to that of the United States only in the number of hatcheries operated and in the volume of distribution.

Butter Production

Substantial Increase In Output Is Shown By Reports

Butter production in the west continues to increase at a rapid rate. Saskatchewan reports that the output in May this year increased by approximately 30 per cent. over the figures for May, 1924, complete returns being 1,218,913 pounds, as compared with 940,911 pounds in May last year. Manitoba shows an even greater increase. The provincial dairy commissioner estimates the increase in May at 52 per cent. as compared with the May, 1924, output.

Ramsay MacDonald May Visit Canada

A continued rumor persists at Ottawa to the effect that Right Hon. Ramsay MacDonald, leader of the British Labor party, is to visit Canada this year. His visit, as planned, it is understood, would be of a private nature with few, if any, public engagements.

Not Imposing

Mrs. A. was giving instructions to her colored maid.
"If Mr. G. calls," she said, "a very tall, very thin gentleman—"
"Oh, yes," interrupted the maid, "I know. You mean that one what looks so few."

BEAUTIFUL GRAND BEACH



When newspapermen play they enjoy themselves to the full. The occasion of the C.W.N.A. visit to Grand Beach, which is about 70 miles from Winnipeg, was one of these occasions. Photo shows the Grand Beach Hotel, which was their headquarters for the press party while they spent the Saturday of convention week at the Beach as guests of the Canadian National Railways.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

It is rumored that the Ontario Government is considering an increase in dues on timber cut in crown lands.

The national research council at Ottawa announced that A. B. McEay, of the University of Toronto, has been awarded one of three fellowships having a value of \$1,200.

Col. J. Obed Smith, former Canadian superintendent of emigration in London, has sailed for Canada. Col. Smith intends spending several months in the Dominion.

Right Hon. Austen Chamberlain, the foreign secretary, announced in the House of Commons that the British Government does not propose to send troops to Tangier, Morocco.

For the first time in eleven years, Toronto, Ont., during the month of June was free from motor fatalities. Since 1914, 42 persons were killed by automobiles during the month of June, seven in 1922 and seven in 1924.

According to immigration officials at Niagara Falls, Ont., 21 Canadians returned from the United States during June. In addition, there were 71 other nationalities came through to Canada. There were 136 rejections.

Hon. Dr. Forbes Godfrey, minister of health, has returned to Toronto from Geneva, where he investigated the work being done by Henri Spillinger with his tuberculous serum. He says he was much impressed.

Prediction that England will be driven to nationalization of the coal mines "in order to save the mining industry" was made at the annual conference of the Miners' Federation at Scarborough.

The Prince of Wales played the part of a heroic fireman at Kafua, Rhodesia, when he assisted settlers in extinguishing a fire in a native wood and grass children's house at the Kafua agricultural show. All of the children were rescued.

Urge Marines To Revolt

Red Propaganda Directed At British Fleet Visiting Norway

The arrival of a British fleet for a visit to Oslo was marked by intensive demonstration by Norwegian communists. Secret appeals were made to the bluejackets and the marines.

"Rise in revolt rather than obey your government if you are ordered to make war on Russia," was one message floated in the face of the British fleet by local communists.

The appearance of the inflammatory propaganda directed at the British fleet visiting Norway was resented deeply by the Norse Government as well as the British officers of the fleet. Russia has objected to the presence of a British fleet in northern waters and this propaganda is taken to have been inspired by Moscow.

Victim Of X-ray Research

English Doctor Forced To Give Up Practice Is Dangerously Ill

Dr. T. H. Sanderson Wells, of Weymouth, an X-ray martyr, has had to give up practice and go into a London nursing home for an operation in which his life is at stake.

"Throughout nearly the whole of his professional life, Dr. Wells has been handicapped by injuries he received in the early days of his career in experimental X-ray research, by which he was badly burned in the leg.

Dr. Wells is one of the best-known surgeons in this part of the country, but few have known of the intense pain and crippling disability which he suffered in recent years.

Constantinople Hears U.S. Signals

Clear transmission of signals to Constantinople, a distance of more than 5,300 miles, is the latest accomplishment of a short wave radio set, with which the navy department is experimenting at Lakehurst, N.J. The set previously had been heard at Honolulu about 5,000 miles distant.

Was Well Helped

Mother—Were you good at the party?

Six Year Old—Yes.

Mother—You didn't ask twice for anything at the table?

Six Year Old—No, I didn't. I asked once, and they didn't hear me, so I helped myself.

Thirty employees are constantly engaged in dusting the 2,000,000 books contained in the British Museum library.

South Africa has recently provided special air-mail postage stamps for use in the new Capetown to Durban services.

While storks, seaweed jelly and sharks' fins were among the delicacies served at a recent luncheon of the Paris Zoological Society.

W. N. U. 1586

Settlers Build Their First Home



European settlers building their first home on the lands of the British Dominion Land Settlement Corporation, north of Vermilion, Alberta.

Remarkable Land Settlement Plan

Influential British Company to Assist Settlers and Promote Colonization

The Vermilion district in central Alberta is this summer the scene of a remarkable and most promising development in land settlement.

The undertaking referred to is that of the British Dominion Land Settlement Corporation Limited, a powerful financial organization formed in London, England, for the express purpose, as its name implies, of promoting land colonization in the Overseas British Dominions and particularly in this Dominion of Canada. This company represents a new departure in the way of assisting agricultural families of small means who desire to establish themselves on the soil. Backed by millions of Old Country money, it provides the right kind of farmers with land on easy terms and aids them in equipping these farms and getting thoroughly established thereon.

The high character of the company is indicated by the personnel of its British directorate, which includes: The Duke of Sutherland, chairman; the Right Hon. Sir Newton Moore, K.C.M.G., formerly prime minister of western Australia; the Right Hon. Sir Arthur Griffith Boscawen, formerly minister of agriculture in the British cabinet; Sir Edward Massey, chairman of the great Daimler Motor Car organization; Sir Robert Lynn, M.P.; Col. A. G. Cousins, O.B.E.; and Mr. Mervyn Brown. These names in themselves, furnish a guarantee of the standing of an organization which has for its object the use of British capital in assisting to develop and people the vacant spaces of the empire—an ideal which has seized the mind of the British people especially during the years which have succeeded the war.

In the United Kingdom it is more than ever recognized that the future of the Mother Country lies in the growth of the outlying parts of the empire. The Canadian board of the corporation is constituted as follows: Mr. Mervyn Brown, chairman; Mr. Robert McKay, of Allan, Killam & McKay, Winnipeg; Mr. W. H. Carter, of Carter, Hall & Aldinger, Winnipeg; Mr. W. P. Dutton, Winnipeg; and Mr. Isaac Pittblado, K.C., as special counsel. Mr. W. T. Badger is general manager.

To be specific, the British Dominion Land Settlement Corporation sells its land at fair prices and on fifteen-year terms, with no cash for three years except interest and taxes, the principal to be discharged during the remaining twelve years of the period. Besides giving land on such reasonable conditions, the corporation advances to settlers, having no livestock and equipment, two dollars for every one dollar put up by the settler for these necessities. For the money thus advanced the corporation takes back a five-year chattel mortgage on which only interest is payable for two years, thus leaving the principal to be discharged in the third, fourth and fifth years of the loan. To be acceptable to the corporation, the farmer must have a family or at least be a married man. The corporation is cutting and stacking logs for sale to settlers on five years' credit, thus making it easy for the newcomer to erect a shelter for his family without delay. Where it appears necessary, the corporation advances even food for the family and feed for the animals during the first months of occupation. Supervisors in the employment of the company constantly circulate amongst the settlers, keeping in touch with their needs and offering advice and assistance wherever such is called for.

It will thus be seen that the company offers an exceptional opportunity to (1) the married renter who possesses livestock and equipment and wishes to have a farm of his own; (2) to the married farm laborer who wishes to become a land owner; and (3) to the married farmer who, owing to his present unfortunate location, has suffered from drought, floods or frost. While the British Dominion Land Settlement Corporation intends later on to extend its operations to other parts of western Canada, it has chosen the fertile section of central Alberta as the scene of its first undertaking. In this area it has become the outright owner of 262,000 acres of land. Of this land about 150,000 acres consist of sectioned sections, half-sections and quarter-sections lying between the Vermilion and Saskatchewan Rivers with the town of Vermilion as the chief distributing point. The rest of the company's holdings lie west and north of Edmonton. Driving north from Vermilion through the main east block, one encounters a series of rolling hills and valleys, the hills green with verdure and dotted with darker green clumps of trees and brushwood. The landscape is interspersed with small lakes and is thus an exceptionally attractive one. The prevailing soil is a black loam with a clay sub-soil.

The area is served on the south and north by two lines of the Canadian National Railways. As a result of the influx of settlers the Canadian National Railways is extending its St. Paul de Meis branch across the northern part of the company's property, and the Canadian Pacific Railway is extending its Lloydminster branch towards the west of the company's lands.

English Boy Has Peculiar Skin

Any Marks Show Clearly For Ten Or Fifteen Minutes

His unusual skin will always prove means of identification for a Dockhead schoolboy. The skin appears quite normal in color and texture, the same as that of other people, but it has the strange property of being able to retain for ten or fifteen minutes any mark made on it by slight pressure or any word scratched by a finger.

An examining doctor said the boy had a very peculiar skin which, when slightly stroked by the finger, showed definite marks. It was, he said, possible to write one's name on the boy's skin and the marks would remain for 10 or 15 minutes. A very slight caning would show "tremendous results." There were various explanations of this condition, one being that the person suffering from that condition was "one skin short."

Substitute For Glass

Latest Chemical Discovery Is Much More Transparent

The latest chemical discovery is a substitute for glass, made from purely organic materials. It seems to have many attractive properties, being much stronger than glass, so that it can be worked on a lathe into all sorts of required shapes. It can be colored for decorative purposes, but the most interesting thing about it is that its refractive index can be varied over a wide range, making it very suitable for optical instruments and capable of replacing very expensive kinds of glass in telescopes and microscopes. Another interesting optical point is that it appears to be much more transparent than glass to the invisible rays—ultraviolet and infra-red light.

Planning Antarctic Flight

Australian Explorer Hopes to Make Continuous Photographic Map

An Antarctic flight is planned by Capt. G. H. Wilkins, who recently returned from an eighteen months' exploration tour in northern Australia. The plan is to explore the coastline from King Edward the Seventh Land, south of New Zealand, to Graham's Land, south of Cape Horn. He hopes to make a continuous photographic map. He explains that the work is a preliminary to the inauguration of a comprehensive international scheme of Antarctic meteorology. Captain Wilkins, who was one of Australia's official photographers during the war, has distinguished himself by many daring feats.

Will Build Big Flour Mill

Spillers Overseas Limited announce that they will spend \$800,000 in the construction of a flour mill in Calgary, exclusive of machinery and other equipment. Work will be started as soon as possible, so P. Lloyd Tanner, managing director states.

Shorthand is one of the arts that have never been lost. A system was practiced in Phoenicia before the Greeks existed as a people, and possibly also in Babylon.

Discovers Strange Race

Explorer Finds White Indians in Jungles of Brazil

White Indians who evince no surprise at seeing a hydroplane or other modern things, although armed with only bows and poison arrows and living in a primitive state, are among things Dr. Alexander Hamilton Rice has seen in Brazil.

On his return from his seventh expedition to Brazilian jungles, he told about finding the Indians at the headwaters of the Parana River, 75 miles distant from the headwaters of the Orinoco. Their faces were streaked with pigment, but they impressed the explorers as being undeniably white.

The Indians are undersized and speak a distinct language of their own.

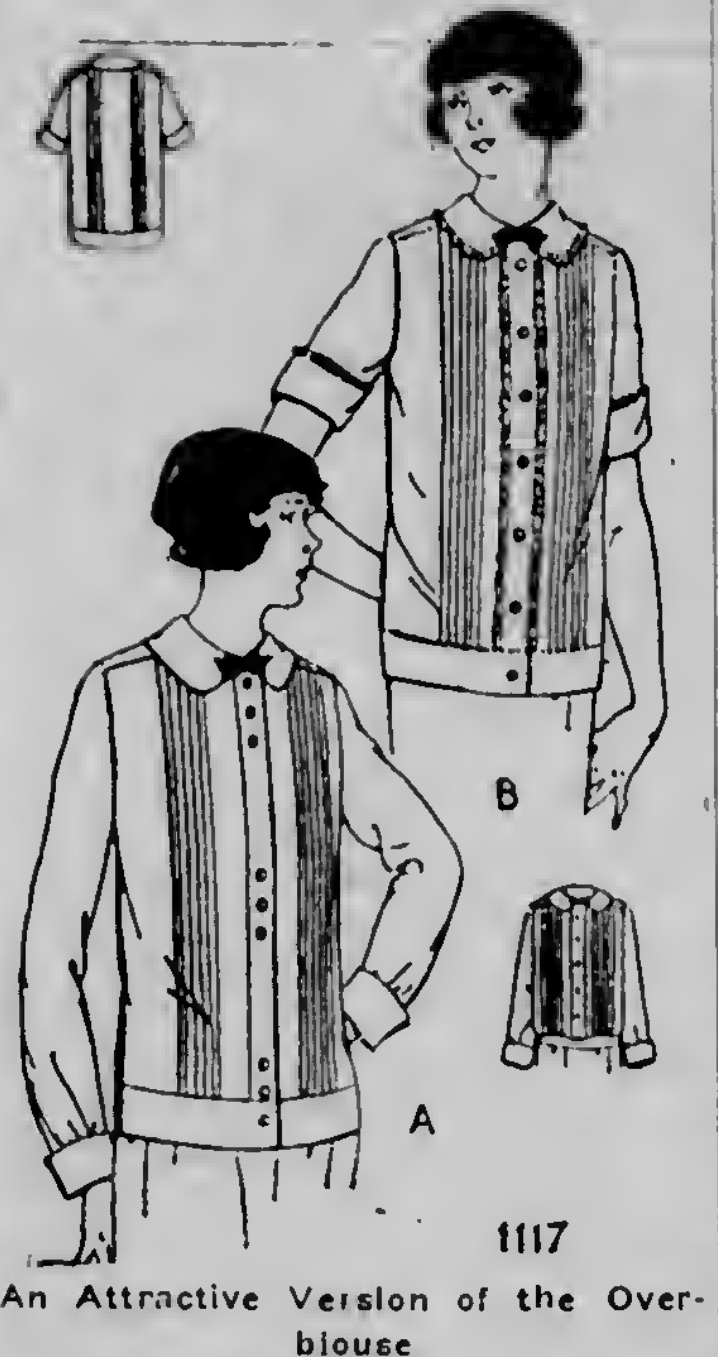
"They move in and out between the trees like 'aguars without making a sound or causing a rustle of the leaves," Dr. Rice said.

They refuse to eat meat and subsist entirely on plants and bananas.

Mistakes In London Statues

Many Peculiar Errors Have Only Been Recently Noted

Peculiar mistakes in London's statues have been commented upon in a recent magazine article which notes the following facts: "The statue of the Duke of Wellington at the Royal Exchange has neither spurs nor stirrups. Gladstone, in the house, has a seam from one trouser leg, an oversight which doubts the best traditions of Saville Row. Cromwell, outside the House of Commons is wearing spurs up the wrong way. And also asks: What is the archer decorating the west side of the new County Hall doing with his bow in the wrong hand? Why does the soldier in the war memorial outside the Royal Exchange perpetually offend peace regulations by standing at ease with his hands covering the top of his rifle barrel? Why does the Prince Consort in Holborn Circus, raise his hat in salute?—a thing no self-respecting field marshal ever did."



Lace edgings and narrow tucks elaborate the tailored blouses of today. One cannot have too many attractive blouses to wear with separate skirts, thus creating the smartest two-piece frocks. The model pictured here was made of white crepe-de-chine with groups of narrow tucks in the front and back and opens all the way down the centre front. The round boyish collar is becoming and the full-length sleeves are finished with a tailored cuff. The pattern is perforated for short sleeves and provides an attractive cuff. The hip-band may be omitted and the blouse tucked under the skirt-band in regulation shirt-waist style. Sizes 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust. Size 36 just requires 2 1/2 yards of 36-inch, or 2 1/2 yards of 40-inch material. Price 20 cents.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dress-maker. Each copy includes one coupon good for five cents in the purchase of any pattern.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

.....

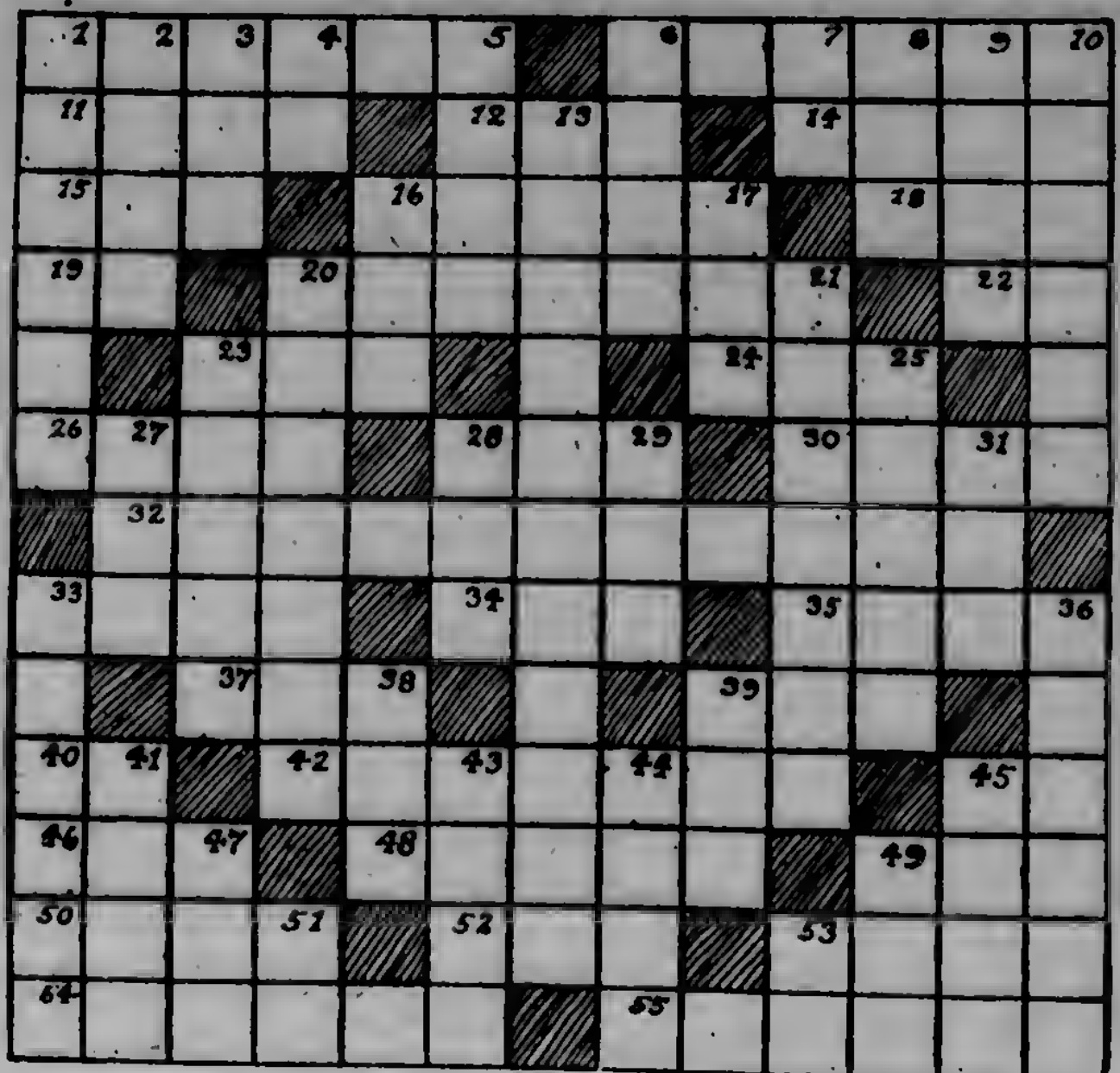
Name

Town

Province

Send 20c coin or stamps (wrap coin carefully)

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE



- | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|
| <p>Horizontal</p> <p>1—Merry.
6—Made of hemp.
11—One.
12—Part of verb to be.
14—Long ago.
15—Intoxicated.
16—Ruscal.
18—Curse cloth made from jute.
19—Exists.
20—One who steps.
22—Street (abbr.).
23—To put or place.
24—Vegetable.
26—Nod.
28—International Correspondence Association (abbr.).
30—Or.
32—Springy manner.
33—Heavenly body.
34—Drunkard.
35—Hearing organs.
37—Head covering.
39—Closely inspect.</p> | <p>Vertical</p> <p>1—One skilled in legal science.
2—A burden.
3—Vigor.
4—Pronoun.
5—Fine trimming.
6—Coarse cordage.
7—Pronoun.
8—Utensil.
9—Ages.
10—To provoke.
13—Greedy.</p> | <p>40—Pronoun.
42—Cuts.
45—Pronoun.
46—Proposed universal language.
48—Flower of the magnolia species.
49—Mound.
50—Cut.
52—Railways (abbr.).
53—Beverage.
54—A variety of wine.
55—Begs.</p> | <p>16—Pen.
17—Vim.
20—A fruit with wing-like expansions (pl.).
21—Those who reel.
23—A flower.
25—To quiet.
27—Soak.
28—Belonging in it.
29—Perform.
31—Syria (abbr.).
33—A division into functions of the church because of difference in belief.
36—Directs.
38—Practice diligently.
39—Writing implement.
41—Girl's name.
43—Sensation preceding an epileptic seizure.
44—A lock.
45—Reward.
47—Lullabrie.
49—Beverage.
51—Parent.
53—Exist.</p> |
|---|--|---|---|

Canada's Fish Day

Association Decides On Last Wednesday In October Of Each Year

By a resolution passed at the concluding session of the annual meeting of the Canadian Fisheries Association, the last Wednesday of October of each year will henceforth be known as Canada's fish day. Previously the annual fish day has been set by the association and selected at times only a few days before, giving little time for dealers to prepare for the additional business.

The resolution adopted, orders that co-operation with calendar makers be sought with a view to having the day marked in conformity with other feast days on the calendars of this country.

Another important resolution called for an application to the department of marine and fisheries for the constitution of a separate department to conduct the affairs of the fisheries, with a competent man at its head as deputy minister.

Left Without A Home

John D. Rockefeller, one of the World's Richest Men, Is Now Homeless

Sales by John D. Rockefeller, Sr., of his estates at Pocantico Hills, and at Lakewood, N.J., of his town house and garage in New York, and of his winter home in Ormand, Fla., to his son, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., for a price "in excess of \$2,000,000," was announced recently.

The sale leaves one of the world's wealthiest men without a home of his own.

It also relieves John D., Jr., of the payment of heavy inheritance taxes which would be levied if the son were to come into possession of the homes after his father's death, but a representative of the family denied that the object of the deal was to evade the inheritance tax.

Find Primitive Human Skull

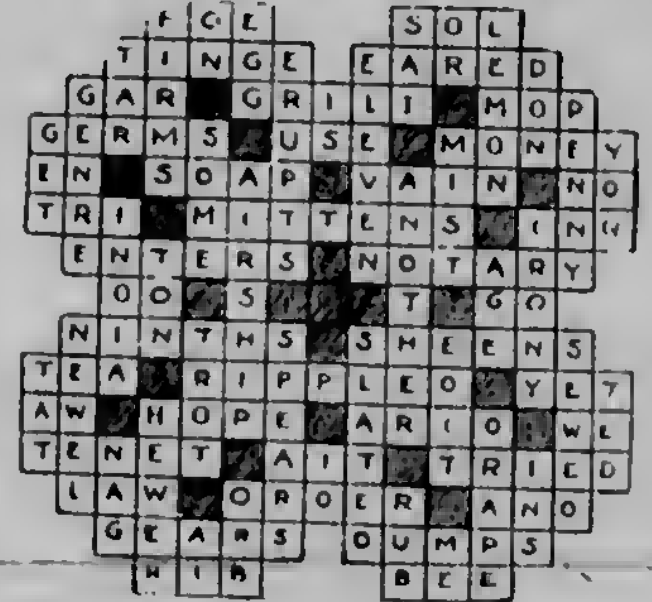
Discovery of Great Scientific Value Is Made Near Tiberias

An interesting discovery, in view of the anti-evolution trial in the United States, was made recently in a cave at Tabgha, near Tiberias, when a primitive human skull was unearthed among Mousterian flint deposits.

The skull, discovered by a British archaeologist and an Oxford student, is characterized by a prodigious development of the supraorbital prominences and depressed forehead, as in the chimpanzee. It conforms slightly with the Neanderthal European type, not previously found on the continent of Asia. Prof. Garvand, director of the British School of Archaeology, Jerusalem, who witnessed the discovery, confirmed its scientific value.

Among the exhibits in the chemical section of the Wembley exhibition is a small tube of insulin, to obtain which 1,000 oxen had to be slaughtered.

Answer To Last Week's Puzzle



Preparing For Eventualities

France to Requisition All Resources In Case of New War

One of the principles of the new national defence plan which Premier Painleve of France has sent to the Chamber of Deputies is the right to requisition all the country's resources, not only material, but intellectual and scientific. This scheme of national organization has been prepared by the council of national defence, presided over by M. Boncour, and is designed to outline in advance what can be done automatically if, and when, war is declared, in order to avoid costly mistakes and confusion such as arose in the last war.

The plan deals with the distribution of labor and war materials and prescribes systems for transportation and the manufacture of munitions.

Plan Pageant Of Canada

May Be Held In Montreal In 1927 On Occasion Of Canada's Diamond Jubilee

Plans are going forward for a pageant of Canada to take place in Montreal in 1927 to commemorate the diamond jubilee of Confederation.

It is understood that a number of prominent citizens, including the chief executives of both railways and Hon. L. W. David, provincial secretary, are favorable to the scheme, and if plans reach any definite shape the Prince of Wales will be asked to open the pageant.

B.C. Mining

Mining circles in the Sloann district in British Columbia are elated over the fact that ore has been struck at the White Water mine, at a depth of 1,600 feet, as this proves that certain ore bodies in that region go down deeper than hitherto proved.

Regina Civic Improvements

The city of Regina will spend \$420,000 during the year on additions and extensions to public works, including the installation of another electric light and power unit, comprising a complete new turbine generator to cost \$130,000.

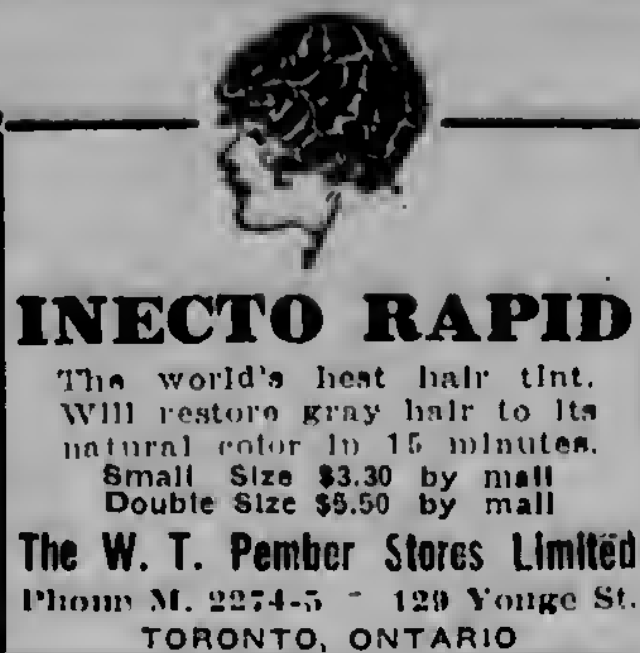
Snow About 5,000 Years Ago

Scientists say that the snow which was solidified to form the icebergs now floating in the north Atlantic fell in Greenland 5,000 years ago.



DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS
FOR
HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS,
CONSTIPATION,
INDIGESTION,
KIDNEYS, LIVER,
BOWELS.

Would Visit Canada
The Duchess of York has made known a wish which she has entertained for quite a long time. She would like to visit Canada, and she remarked to a Canadian official the other day, "I would like to arrange with my brother-in-law, the Prince of Wales, for a stay at his ranch in Canada." The Duchess has never visited the Dominion, and as the Duke has only "touched" it as a midshipman, the idea of a holiday on the "E.P." ranch appeals to both.—Glasgow Herald.



INECTO RAPID
The world's best hair tint.
Will restore gray hair to its natural color in 15 minutes.
Small Size \$3.30 by mail
Double Size \$5.50 by mail
The W. T. Pembler Stores Limited
Phone M. 2274-5 - 129 Yonge St.
TORONTO, ONTARIO

Wallpaper For Eskimos

Moravian Mission Vessel Carried Varied Cargo to Labrador

Wallpaper to decorate the huts of Indians and Eskimos in the frozen wastes of Labrador was included in the strange medley of goods which the little mission ship Harmony took out with her on her latest voyage.

Captain Jackson, her commander, said that, among other commodities he was carrying dolls for the women, churchwarden pipes for the men, and a large quantity of brightly-colored tannin, which the Indians are very fond of using for clothes.

Harmony, a tiny vessel of 223 tons, owned by the Moravian Mission to Labrador, is the smallest steamship regularly to cross the Atlantic. Two women, who were going out as missionaries, sailed in her.

"I am afraid they will find that the little Harmony rolls and tumbles a good deal," said Captain Jackson grimly. Sometimes, too, the vessel gets jammed in the ice for as long as a fortnight at a time.

Describing the hardships endured by dwellers in Labrador, Captain Jackson said that during the great influenza epidemic of 1919, 233 persons died in a village, the population of which is only 266.

Not a single man was left alive, and only a few women. In another village a little girl alone survived, her only companion being a wolf-dog. When rescued she was coughing her last piece of blubber.

New Paint Stops Corrosion

Invention By English Chemist May Effect Great Saving

A new paint which may stop the havoc of corrosion—which is estimated to cost this country £100,000,000 a year—has been invented by a chemist in the service of the South Staffs Mond Gas Company, England.

Years of patient research and experiment have resulted in the evolving of a formula for a bituminous paint which was found to possess the power to make itself part of the material to which it is applied and render it impervious to the effect of acids, gases, water and extremes of heat and cold.

When the new paint was applied to a gas plant registering a heat of 725 degs. Fahrenheit it remained for months as fresh as on the day of application. Other paints had blistered off in five days at the most.

Practical test has proved that the paint "keys itself" into the metal and wood to which it is applied, is capable of expanding and contracting with it, thus avoiding cracking, and prevents corrosion almost indefinitely.

American Capital In Canada

The London Statist estimates that American business will invest \$700,000,000 in Canada during the year 1925. Should this be verified the amount of United States investments in Canada will approximate \$3,200,000,000 by the end of the year, which will be substantially greater than the total British investment.

Every street in Paris has been visited on foot by an American army officer and his daughter, aged 17.

A Growing Industry.

British Columbia Making Business of Raising Vegetable Seed

Growing of vegetable seeds is becoming a well recognized business in British Columbia. In 1924 they grew the following quantities of vegetable seeds:

Bush beans, 10,890 pounds; pole beans, 191 pounds; scarlet runner beans, 691 pounds; broad beans, 1,255 pounds; broccoli, 103 pounds; Brussels sprouts, 10 pounds; sweet corn, 5,010 pounds; onions, 575 pounds; parsnips, 5 pounds; garden peas, 28,390 pounds; eating peas, 80,200 pounds; radishes, 498 pounds; mangel seed, 6,002 pounds.—M. G. E.

Corn cannot exist when Holloway's Corn Remover is applied to them, because it goes to the root and kills the growth.

The golden rule should work both ways, but most men who are willing to do as they would be done by want to be done by first.

Elephant beetles found in West Africa often weigh, when full grown, half a pound each.

After Shaving

Mix Minard's with sweet oil and apply to the face. Wonderfully soothing.



MINARD'S LINIMENT
"KING OF PAIN"

COMMENCING in our next issue this thrilling story of the wide open spaces. You will be gripped by the story of Baree, the wolf dog, Pierrot, the half-breed trapper, and his daughter, Nepeese, the Willow. You will also be interested in Bush McTaggart, the unscrupulous factor of Post MacBain, who was determined to marry Nepeese.

A LOVE EPIC OF THE FAR NORTH

Exceptional Offer To Experienced Farmers

Hundreds of Farmers in Western Canada are looking for an opportunity to purchase a farm of their own in the district where good crops are the rule and not the exception.

To prevent the movement of a number of Canada's best farmers and citizens to our cities and to the United States, the British Dominions Land Settlement Corporation is prepared to do its share in providing an opportunity for experienced farmers to take up rich fertile lands in Central Alberta under their new settlement plans.

250,000 ACRES OF GOOD FARM LANDS

The Corporation owns over a quarter of a million acres in the most fertile mixed farming areas of Central Alberta. The land lies East and West of the City of Edmonton. The land is rolling and partially prairie with scrub and brush interspersed. The soil over a large area is a heavy black loam with clay sub-soil. Water is plentiful and wood for fuel and erection of log buildings is within easy reach. No better land for mixed farming is available for settlement in Western Canada.

LOGS FOR BUILDINGS

The Corporation is now having several thousand logs cut in suitable lengths, peeled and stacked ready for building purposes. These logs are within reasonable distance of the farms offered for sale, and can be purchased at cost on five years' credit.

WE WILL FINANCE YOU

The British Dominions Land Settlement Corporation has a capital of £750,000 (or approximately \$3,750,000). The Company has a strong British and Canadian Directorate, who are anxious to assist in the successful settlement of Western Canada with prosperous farmers.

The Corporation is prepared to assist in re-establishing farmers possessing stock and equipment which is free, or is practically free, from lien or encumbrance, providing they are men of character and farming experience. The land is offered at prices averaging from \$10 to \$18 per acre. The terms provided that no payment of principal shall be made the first three years—interest and taxes only. Principal payments will be made in twelve annual instalments, commencing the 4th year—interest rate 7 per cent. The Corporation will advance the equivalent of cash up to the value of the settler's chattels which he owns free of debt, but not to exceed \$500, to assist the farmer in erecting the necessary buildings and purchasing seed and feed or other supplies which the Corporation deems necessary for the settler's welfare during the first twelve months. This advance will be secured by lien agreement on the settler's chattels and repayable in five years after possession. No payment except interest is required the first two years, the whole amount being repayable in six semi-annual instalments during the third, fourth and fifth years.

Experienced Farmers, Married, With Families, Possessing Some Capital

To start farming on the Corporation's lands, a capital of approximately \$750.00 is required. The Corporation is prepared to advance experienced farmers dollar for dollar if they are married and possess a capital of \$25.00.

WRITE US TO-DAY --- OR COME AT ONCE!

Farmers wishing to take advantage of this offer should communicate at once with the manager of the Corporation at Vermilion, Alberta. Farmers arriving at Vermilion without giving previous notice can be given immediate service.

Address All Communications to W. T. BADGER, Manager

British Dominions Land Settlement Corporation
LIMITED
VERMILION - - - ALBERTA

Revised Estimate Of Loss

Damage In Fort William Fire Now Put At \$297,550

The revised estimate of the damage from the fire at number three freight shed at Fort William, given out by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, reduces the amount of the loss considerably below the first estimate. The total loss will be \$297,550, of which \$262,000 is accounted for by the blinder twine. The loss of the freight shed is less than anticipated, being set at \$29,550, while the iron and steel work of the destroyed cars is all salvaged in good condition, reducing the loss on cars to about \$16,000.

SAVE THE CHILDREN

Mothers who keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house may feel that the lives of their little ones are reasonably safe during the hot weather. Stomach troubles, cholera infantum and diarrhoea carry off thousands of little ones every summer. In most cases because the mother does not have a safe medicine at hand to give promptly. Baby's Own Tablets relieve these troubles, or if given occasionally to the well child they will prevent their coming on. The Tablets are guaranteed by a government analyst to be absolutely harmless even to the newborn babe. They are especially good in summer because they regulate the bowels and keep the stomach sweet and pure. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Pity Starving Europe

A dispatch from Belgrade says that the hors d'oeuvre at the leading hotel consists of four pieces of tongue, a slice of ham, three slices of sausage, one sardine, one slice of cold veal, two slices of salami, half an egg with mayonnaise, a slice of veal loaf, potato and meat salad, radishes, pickles and butter. After that, one begins on the meal.—Detroit Free Press.

Nothing as Good for Asthma. Asthma remedies come and go but every year the sales of the original Dr. J. D. Kollig's Asthma Remedy grow greater and greater. No further evidence could be asked of its remarkable merit. It relieves. It is always of the same unvarying quality which the sufferer from asthma learns to know. Do not suffer another attack, but get this splendid remedy to-day.

Buffaloes Come Back

Because the buffalo has become partly domesticated and has been protected in government parks, the number in the United States has increased to 30,000. Thirty years ago there were not more than 1,000 on the American continent.



2in1 Shoe Polish
All shoes are easily shined with
The standard test value
Everybody knows the quality
Compare the quantity

Disease In Paper Currency

Metal Coinage Much More Sanitary Says Bacteriologist

A famous bacteriologist has declared after careful investigation that metal coinage is much more sanitary than paper currency. On a note that had been in circulation for some time, and was subjected to frequent handling, as many as 143,000 bacteria were discovered. Metallic coins show a far smaller bacteria count. Their smooth surface does not encourage the accumulation of these minute organisms. Risks should not be taken even with coins, however. Though they are cleaner than notes, it would be very foolish to put them in your mouth—as some people do in order to ascertain whether they are genuine or not.

Compared with Englishmen, Scotsmen and Welshmen, the Irish have the largest heads.

PIMPLES ITCHED ALL THE TIME

Face and Arms Covered. Could Not Sleep at Night. Cuticura Heals.

"My face and arms were covered with pimples and blackheads. The pimples were hard and red and scaled over. They itched and burned all the time, and I could not sleep at night. My face looked so badly that people talked about it."

"I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample. After using it I got relief so purchased more and in two weeks I was completely healed." (Signed) Miss Muriel Jollymore, Lower Wentworth, Nova Scotia.

Clear the pores of impurities by daily use of Cuticura Soap with touch of Cuticura Ointment as needed to soothe and heal. Cuticura Talcum is fragrant and refreshing. Sample Each Free by Mail. Address Canadian Agents: "The Canadian Talcum Co., Montreal, Quebec, Canada. Cuticura Soap and Ointment 25c. Cuticura Talcum 25c.

Fresh and carefully packed in pure olive oil. Keep a stock in the pantry for easily prepared, enjoyable meals.



KING OSCAR SARDINES

CHAPTER XXVIII.—Continued

"You are no longer that," she said, and strove to smile.

"Yet I owe no thanks to you that I am not," he answered. "I think there's no more to be said, unless it be to add the assurance that Lord Julian Wade has also nothing to apprehend from me. That, no doubt, will be the assurance that your peace of mind requires?"

"For your own sake—yes. But for your own sake only. I would not have you do anything mean or dishonouring."

"Thief and pirate though I be," she clenched her hand, and made a little gesture of despair, and impatience.

"Will you never forgive me those words?"

"I'm finding it a trifle hard, I confess. But what does it matter, when all is said?"

Her clear hazel eyes considered him a moment wistfully. Then she put out her hand again.

"I am going, Captain Blood. Since you are so generous to my uncle, I shall be returning to Barbadoes with him. We are not likely to meet again—ever. Is it impossible that we should part friends? Once I wronged you, I know. And I have said that I am sorry. Won't you . . . won't you say 'good-bye'?"

He took the hand she proffered. Retaining it, he spoke, his eyes sombrely, wistfully considering her.

"You are returning to Barbadoes?" he said slowly. "Will Lord Julian be going with you?"

"Why do you ask me that?" she confronted him quite fearlessly.

"Sure, now, didn't he give you my message, or did he bungle it?"

"No. He didn't bungle it. He gave it me in your own words. It touched me very deeply. It made me see clearly my error and my injustice. I owe it to you that I should say this by way of amend. I judged too harshly where it was a presumption to judge at all."

He was still holding her hand. "And Lord Julian, then?" he asked, his eyes watching her, bright as sapphires in the copper-coloured face.

"Lord Julian will no doubt be going home to England. There is nothing more for him to do out here."

"But didn't he ask you to go with him?"

"He did. I forgive you the impertinence."

A wild hope leapt to life within him. "And you? Glory be, ye'll not be telling me ye refused to become my lady, when . . ."

WORKING GIRL'S EXPERIENCE

Read How She Found Help in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Arnprior, Ontario.—"I must write and tell you my experience with your medicine. I was working at the factory for three years and became so run-down that I used to take weak spells and would be at home at least one day each week. I was treated by the doctors for anemia, but it didn't seem to do me any good. I was told to take a rest, but was unable to, and kept on getting worse. I was troubled mostly with my periods. I would sometimes pass three months, and when it came it would last around two weeks, and I would have such pains that I was in my right side that I could hardly walk. I am only 19 years of age and weigh 115 pounds now, and before taking the Vegetable Compound I was only 105 pounds. I was sickly for two years and some of my friends told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and when I had taken a bottle of it I felt a change. My mother has been taking it for a different ailment and has found it very satisfactory. I am willing to tell friends about the medicine and to answer letters asking about it."—Miss HAZEL BRANDT, Box 700, Arnprior, Ontario.

A day out each week shows in the pay envelope. If you are troubled with some weakness, indicated by a run-down condition, tired feelings, pains and irregularity, let Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound help you.

Meats, Fresh Fish and Groceries

Always Fresh

Highest Grade

Holt & Son - Phone 17
MEAT MARKET

Singer Sewing Machines

Several New Machines Just In.
See us for terms and prices.

Every home should have
a Singer

S. B. CARD

Phone 90 or 37

Fresh Fish Twice Weekly
Mondays and Thursdays

Choicest Cuts of Fresh Meats

PHONE 81

SUGAR CITY MEAT CO.

Our Motto: "Service and Quality"

Use "Our Best"

Feed & Seed Oats and Hay for Sale
LETHBRIDGE LUMP AND STOVE COAL

Cash only for coal

Ellison Milling Co. - Raymond
Office at Elevator, Phone 1 Wm. Clemis, Agent

C. RABY

LIVE STOCK DEALER

Will buy any quantity any time at
highest market prices

Phone or wire at my expense

Phone 2322, Lethbridge, Alberta
Address: 1004, 6th Ave. S.

DANCE—Opera House tomorrow night Saturday. Everybody welcome.

UNITED CHURCH Services—Sunday at 7:30 p. m. Everybody welcome.

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Canada, per year\$2.00
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FOR SALE—Some heavy quilts, a lady's riding suit, also some fruit jars at bargain prices. For further particulars apply Recorder Office

DR. H. HARCOURT HEAL

DENTAL SURGEON

Will be in his office in Raymond Monday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday of each week.

In Magrath Tuesday and Wednesday, of each week.

Office hours:

9 to 12 1:30 to 6

**"You're
Next"**

3- Chairs -3

2- Baths -2

And while you are
in look over our
samples for made-
to-measure Suits.

THOS. OTT

Barber Shop

According to the report of the Department of Agriculture, livestock marketings in Canada during the past year were the best experienced for many years. There were 975,020 cattle, 355,179 calves, 3,034,291 hogs and 485,606 sheep marketed in 1924, as compared with 882,921, 315,522, 2,363,402 and 512,390 respectively in the previous year.

According to J. M. Gibbon, secretary of the Trail Riders of the Canadian Rockies, who recently left Montreal for the West, the annual cross-country ride and pow-wow undertaken by that organization, is becoming so popular that lovers of the outdoors from England and Australia are attending this year, in addition to the members from the United States and Canada.

The "Beatty Boys," four British youngsters, brought out here by E. W. Beatty, K.C., President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, to study Canadian farm methods, arrived in Canada on the "Montcalm" this month. They are expert farmers selected by the Minister of Agriculture from the members of the Young Farmers' Club of Great Britain and will remain in Canada for two months as the guests of Mr. Beatty.

That elk, in the Panther River country, not far from Banff, are rapidly increasing in number and may possibly become a menace, is the opinion of Belmont Brown, an artist of New York who recently returned from a painting tour through the Rocky Mountains. Mr. Brown is regarded as an authority on wild animals and states that there will be, ten years from now, 10,000 elk in the district, unless steps are taken to decrease their numbers.

French-Canadian agricultural experts, theologians, students and others, touring the country under the auspices of the University of Montreal express unanimous amazement at the agricultural development of British Columbia, the scenery of Alberta, the prairies of Manitoba, the beauty of Northern Ontario and the vastness of the country in general. A similar excursion left Toronto recently under the auspices of the Teachers' Federation of Canada also over Canadian Pacific lines, and will return the middle of August.

News Notes

A new shipment of type arrived this week and is now distributed in the job cases at the Recorder Office. This new type will assist materially in maintaining the Recorder's standard of producing nothing but the best in high grade job work, and will give more variety to ads appearing in these pages. A new large job press, exceeding a ton in weight, has also been ordered and is enroute from Winnipeg. This will complete a battery of two Gordon jobbers and a news cylinder to handle the printing requirements of Raymond and district.

Farmers of the province will be able to obtain this fall, at actual cost of manufacturing and handling, the machine which has been perfected under the supervision of the provincial department of agriculture, known as the Stephen Grain Separator Cleaning Attachment, which cleans weed seeds from grain as the operation of separating is proceeding. This announcement is made by Hon. Geo. Hoadley, Minister of Agriculture.

Preparations are being made for the manufacture of a considerable number of these machines, and these will be made available before the coming threshing season at a price to cover actual cost of manufacture and handling. The machine has not previously been offered to the public. When the machine is placed on the market it will be properly labelled and advertised in order that the farmers may know that this is the machine fostered by the department.

News Notes

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Court, motored to Medicine Hat last Saturday for a visit with friends. They returned on Tuesday.

Elder John Allen, son of Pres. I. S. Allen, after spending the last 34 months in the Eastern States mission, was released last Saturday. He is expected home in about three weeks' time.

Tonight at the Rex—"Shadows of Paris"—a gripping story with Pola Negri in the leading role. Also, an added attraction, "Our Gang" comedy.

Good progress is being made by John Bache-Wiig of Montreal, the inventor of the process bearing his name of making paper from straw, in his investigation of the use of Alberta straw in the manufacture of the different kinds of newsprint, wrapping and other paper. Mr. Bache-Wiig came to the city at the request of the provincial government and intends remaining here for some time.

He is working in connection with Trade Commissioner Howard Stutchbury in looking into the different phases of the straw-paper industry, both from the manufacturing and commercial view point.

It is expected that his report to the government will be in the hands of the authorities in the course of the next ten days, and if it proves favorable, as it is expected that it will, steps are likely to be taken during the coming summer to establish a small plant in some central part of the province.

News Notes

Mrs. Wm. Paris, her daughter Lulu, and son, Douglas, motored to Waterton last Tuesday for a short vacation.

A new barber has joined the Thos. Ott shop. His name is Tom Liney and hails from Swift Current. Mr. Ott has also engaged the services of a lady hair dresser.

Will Meeks purchased a new Ford sedan from King Motors this week.

Mrs. Gordon Brewerton and Gladys Corless underwent minor throat operations at Lethbridge last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Court arrived here last Tuesday evening by auto from Salt Lake for a vacation. It has been six years since he left here. He is the son of Geo. E. Court.

WELL DRILLING OUTFIT FOR SALE—Drill mounted on trucks, capacity 1000 feet, equipped with 250 ft. cable and 250 ft. sand line cable, also full outfit of tools. Gould Sharply & Muir 8 h. p. gas engine, mounted on trucks. Outfit in good repair. Price \$150.00.—Apply Manager Standard Bank, Raymond.

WANTED—A position for husband and wife. Lady will act as cook, has had much experience in Hungary. Man is experienced farmer. Both speak English. Apply Camp 9 and 10, on Knight farm, 2 1/2 miles east of Raymond.

Champlain Memorial Marks Advent of White Race



April 24, 1615, was a great day in the lives of the townsfolk of the little seaport of Honfleur in Northern France, for on that day, Sieur Samuel de Champlain, whose earlier voyages and discoveries in the New World had stirred the imagination of the French Court and of the merchants of the Norman and Breton seaports, set sail in the little ship, the St. Etienne, with a party of four Recollet brothers to Christianize the Indians. After a stormy voyage the little ship sailed up the St. Lawrence to that natural citadel, now the city of Quebec. Later Champlain went on to Montreal, where he found a large band of Indians assembled to meet him, reminding him of his promise to assist them in their wars. Realizing that this would lead to exploration and eventually to colonization, he set off to Quebec to make arrangements, the Indians sending out their scouts. Before he returned from Quebec, the Indians growing impatient set out with Father Le Caron and twelve Frenchmen into what is now the Province of Ontario. Champlain, with two Frenchmen and ten Indians started up the Ottawa to the Mattawa, and joined with the Hurons in a war expedition against the fierce Iroquois, by means of which Champlain, who was an enthusiastic explorer as a soldier, discovered Lake Ontario. Returning from the wars, Champlain spent Christmas, 1615, with his friend, Chief Daronat at Cahigue, near where now stands the town of Orillia on Lake Simcoe. The gallant gentleman returned to Montreal in June, 1616, where he found his friends, the Recollets, had given up hope of seeing him again. Champlain's work as an explorer was now done, but his voyages into Ontario opened up the path to the west to the missionaries and the trader.

It is a fair day from the little ship, St. Etienne, which set sail that day so long ago from France, up the St. Lawrence to Quebec, to the giant Canadian Pacific steamship, "Montreal," which one hundred and ten years later sailed from Cherbourg by the same route to the Canadian Gibraltar. On board the "Montreal" was Vernon March, the famous English sculptor who designed and executed the monument recently erected at Orillia, to the memory of the gallant soldier, missionary and explorer, Samuel de Champlain, near the site of Cahigue, from which little settlement, Champlain started out with his Indian friends on the disastrous expedition against the Iroquois and where he returned with his discouraged allies.

The bronzes for the monument are colossal in size, the figure of Champlain himself being twelve feet high, of astounding action and vigor. In addition to this main figure are two groups, one, "Christianity" representing a Recollet father holding aloft the Crucifix to the savages (No. 1). The other is "Commerce" and shows the voyageur with a similar pair of Indians (No. 2). The total weight of the bronzes is more than nine tons. It is mounted on a pedestal of Benedict stone, 30 feet square and 18 feet high, giving the monument a total height of 30 feet (No. 3).

Mr. Vernon March (No. 4), the sculptor, is an interesting figure. He is one of a family of seven brothers and one sister, all of whom are artists and sculptors. At their studio and workshop, in Farnborough, Kent, which formerly was an old post house, they do their own casting as well as designing. Mr. Vernon March's work, particularly that for war memorials, has won the highest recognition in all parts of the Empire and the memorial at Orillia in both conception and execution is one of the finest examples of his art. Mr. Sydney March, a younger brother, crossed on the "Montreal," and will assist his brother in the erection of the bronzes.

The late Lord Strathcona was one of the original promoters of the monument and made the initial contribution to the fund, while the Canadian Pacific Railway also contributed to the erection of the monument.